Well Informed People Read The Gazette—That's Why They Are Well Informed.

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

THE WEATHER.
Partly cloudy over state Monday and Tuesday.

NO. 9404—35TH YEAR. COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., MONDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1906 PRICE FIVE CENTS.

LETTER TO ROOT

ROOSEVELT EXPLAINS DISMISSAL OF STORER.

REFERS TO CORRESPONDENCE

SAYS ITS PUBLICATION WAS UNGENTLEMANLY ACT.

WANTS THE CABINET TO KNOW

Action of President Follows Publication of "Confidential Pamphlet" Which Storer Sent to Roosevelt, to Members of the Cabinet and Others.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—President Roosevelt tonight made public a long letter addressed to Secretary Root giving correspondence between the president and former Ambassador Bellamy Storer at Vienna, and Mrs. Storer, in which he says that Mr. Storer's refusal to answer his letters and the publication of various private letters justified the ambassador's removal; that Mr. Storer's publication of private correspondence was peculiarly ungentlemanly, and that he (the president) had stated with absolute clearness his position, the reason why it was out of the question for him as president to try to get

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

Who explains his cabinet rules, Ambassador Storer's removal, and describes act of publishing correspondence as ungentlemanly.

any archbishop made cardinal, though expressing his admiration for Archbishop Ireland as well as leaders of other denominations.

He says he thinks it well that the members of the cabinet should know certain facts "which he (Storer) either suppresses or misstates." He says he did not resent the action of the Storers "until it became evident they were likely to damage American interests."

Wanted Place in Cabinet.

He says Mrs. Storer urged him to give her husband a cabinet place and that she stated that Mr. Choate at London and Gen. Porter at Paris were not proper persons to be ambassadors, suggesting her husband in that connection. The president incorporates a letter from Postmaster General Cortelyou contradicting the statement that President McKinley had commissioned a gentleman to ask the pope "as a personal favor to him," and as "an honor to the country," to appoint Archbishop Ireland as cardinal. Mr. Cortelyou says the late President McKinley never made any such request. The president declared that Mr. Storer's statement that he authorized any such message to be delivered to Pope Pius is untrue. He says that he never received a letter from Storer giving an account of his visit to the Vatican and of the message he personally gave the pope on behalf of Mr. Roosevelt.

The president's action tonight follows the publication of "Confidential Pamphlet," which Mr. Storer last week sent to the president, the cabinet and the senate foreign relations committee.

Washington, Dec. 8.

The White House, Washington, Dec. 8, 1906.

My Dear Mr. Root: In view of the fact that Bellamy Storer has sent to each member of my cabinet, as well as to myself, a pamphlet under date of November 19th, purporting to give an account of those relations of his with me which led up to his removal from the position of ambassador at Vienna, I think it as well that you and the other members of the cabinet should know certain facts which he either suppresses or misstates. As to the necessity for removing him from his position, I suppose there is no need of discussion. An ambassador who refuses to answer the letters of the president can not remain an ambassador. His statement that my letters to him were of such a character that he could not answer them, needs no further comment than to point that in such cases it was his clear duty instantly to resign. His publication of the various private letters between his wife and himself and me, would furnish any additional justification, were such needed, for his summary separation from the service. He does not give the state department's final letter to him, dated September 10, 1906, which came as follows:

Final Letter to Ambassador.

"Your letter of August 3 does not require any comment as a whole, but by direction of the president I answer it as to one point. You assume that in the letter of December 11 the president wrote you not as a official of the United States, but as a private personal and [illegible] letter and [illegible] that this letter shows on its face that no answer from you was asked for, suggested or expected.

"It is hard to understand your making such a statement, in view of the fact that the letter you quote derives its entire importance from the accompanying letter which you were asked to read and hand to Mrs. Storer, in which Mrs. Storer was informed that, unless she took certain definite action your connection with the diplomatic service would have to be severed. It is, of course, unnecessary to discuss, and it ought to be unnecessary even to allude to, any proposition so absurd as that this severance of you from the service would be asked for, not by the president as president, but in his private capacity. The president was anxious to treat both you and Mrs. Storer with the utmost gentleness and consideration, and it seemed to him that his end could be achieved in the way easiest for you by following the course which he actually did follow. The letter to Mrs. Storer of course became part of the matter of which you were requested to take cognizance. In it Mrs. Storer was asked to fulfill certain conditions, failure to fulfill which would require, she was informed, your severance from the service, which conditions she never fulfilled. You were requested to read this letter and hand it to her. It is difficult to suppose merely as a fair proposition that under these conditions the president's letter required no answer.

"I have the honor to be, sir,

"Your obedient servant,

(Signed) "ROBERT BACON, Acting Secretary."

It is never pleasant to have to discuss personal affairs or quote or a violate from personal correspondence, which is one reason why it is held to be a peculiarly ungentlemanly thing to publish private correspondence. But as Mr. Storer in his extraordinary pamphlet prints various letters written by himself, by me and by Mrs. Storer, I shall set forth briefly the facts of the case, giving certain letters which are necessary in order to understand clearly those which he prints.

First Meeting With Storers.

I first met the Storers while I was civil service commissioner and he had come to Washington as a congressman. They were then kind and friendly in their relations with me and my family. I retained

(Continued on Page Two.)

INVESTIGATION HELPED

OIL SHIPPERS OBTAIN EQUALITY OF TREATMENT.

Establishment of Federal Inspection Advised—James R. Garfield Submits Annual Report.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—The annual report of Commissioner of Corporations James R. Garfield, made public today devotes special attention to the investigation of the transportation of oil and the operations of the Standard Oil company.

"During the investigation of the oil industry," says the report, "it was discovered that a very widespread system of railway discriminations existed in favor of the Standard Oil company, affecting a very large proportion of the country and resulting substantially in giving to the Standard Oil company an overwhelming advantage in transportation in almost all sections of the country; that this system had been in existence for a number of years, and that largely by virtue of it the Standard had been able to restrict or eliminate competition throughout many parts of the country and thereafter reap the benefits of monopoly. These railway discriminations took various forms, often very ingenious in their nature, and so skilfully concealed that their existence was very rarely suspected even by the active competitors of the Standard, although such competitors knew that in general they were doing business at a disadvantage."

During the fiscal year, indictments containing 8,193 counts were returned by the various grand juries as the result of this investigation.

A most striking and important result immediately followed the investigation of the bureau: the railroads canceled substantially all the secret rates, illegal or improper discriminations and in many cases the discriminations in open rates. The shippers of oil advise the bureau that for the first time in many years they are now rapidly obtaining equality of treatment from the transportation companies.

"Work on the other phases of the oil industry and the investigations of the tobacco, steel, sugar and coal industries, are well advanced. Special reports thereon will be made in due course. An inquiry into canal and water transportation has been started."

Commissioner Garfield urges again the necessity for the establishment of federal inspection and supervision of the greater industrial corporations engaged in interstate and foreign commerce. He says it will not interfere with the power and authority of the states over the corporations created under state laws and is not an invasion of private rights, but merely will "restore individual responsibility and prevent the corporations from being the hiding places of the irresponsible, dishonest or corrupt manager."

Denial of the right to engage in interstate commerce is suggested as the penalty for proved violation of the law. The report says that the work of the year strikingly demonstrates the value of efficient publicity for the correction of corporate abuses.

TEN DAYS TIME ALLOWED

Policyholders' Money Must Be Returned.

NASHVILLE, Dec. 9.—State Commissioner of Insurance R. E. Folk today sent telegrams to the Mutual Life and New York Life Insurance companies, giving them ten days in which to refund certain amounts of policyholders' money. The Mutual, he charges, has used several thousand dollars as compensation and expenses for agents to electioneer for the administration ticket, and cites the evidence. The New York Life officials are given ten days in which to cover into the treasury money spent for printing and circulating $98,000 administration ballots.

WEEK'S CALENDAR

MANY IMPORTANT QUESTIONS BEFORE CONGRESS.

SMOOT'S RIGHTS DISCUSSED

WILL HE BE ALLOWED TO HOLD HIS SEAT IN SENATE?

VOTE ON LEGISLATIVE BILL

Already There Is Much Talk of the Holiday Adjournment.—Congress Will Reconvene About January 7.—National Civic Federation Meeting.

The national house of representatives will give the greater part of its time during the present week to the consideration of the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bills, while the senate will pay especial attention to the report of the senate committee on privileges and elections on the right of Senator Smoot of Utah to retain his seat.

In the house the appropriation bill will be taken up Monday immediately after the close of the routine morning session, while in the senate consideration of the Smoot question will be postponed until Tuesday. The senate proceedings on that subject will be interrupted after one day's discussion to give place to the Algeciras treaty, which is set for next Wednesday.

Much Discussion Expected.

Representative Tawney, chairman of the house committee on appropriation, is of the opinion that the legislative bill will be voted upon before the close of the week. There are a number of items in the bill which are calculated to provoke discussion, and it is expected that some of the Democrat representatives will find occasion to express their views regarding some of the features of the president's message. If they should do so, there will be a response from the Republican side of the chamber. Among the items in the bill which will arouse debate may be mentioned those providing for an increase of the appropriation for the payment of clerk hire for members of the house and the increase of the salary of Public Printer Stillings. There will also undoubtedly be many references to the subject of simplified spelling, which will be raised in connection with the provision prohibiting any deviation from standard orthography in congressional printing.

The fortifications bill, which is now under consideration, will be followed by the legislative bill, and Chairman Tawney is hopeful that it may be passed before the Christmas holidays. Chairman Grosvenor of the committee on merchant marine is still hopeful of securing a favorable report on the ship subsidy bill in modified form this week, but it is not generally expected that further progress can be made with this measure before the Christmas holidays.

The Right of Senator Smoot.

In the senate, Senator Burrows will, at the end of the morning hour on Tuesday, open the debate on the Smoot question in a three hours' speech advocating the adoption of the committee resolution declaring Mr. Smoot to be not entitled to his seat. Mr. Burrows will make a comprehensive analysis of the testimony in the case and will also cite many precedents in support of the resolution. He will be followed in the same tone on Thursday by Senator Dubois, and later in the session Senator Smoot is expected to be heard in his own behalf. Senator Sutherland, his colleague, and Senators Foraker, Dillingham, Beveridge and Hopkins will also probably present views in support of Mr. Smoot's right to retain his office. There is no hope that the question may be concluded during the present week, or even before the holidays, but Senators Burrows and Dubois express a determination to keep it as well to the front as possible.

Algeciras Treaty.

Unless the unforeseen happens, the Algeciras treaty will be ratified on Wednesday after very brief consideration. The fact that the foreign relations committee has agreed upon a resolution declaring the purposes of the United States not to be involved in European complications by its acquiescence in the treaty, has done much to remove opposition, and it is even predicted that the resolution of ratification will be adopted after a few senators shall have had opportunity to briefly explain their positions. Considerable time will probably be spent by the senate in executive session in considering nominations to be reported from the various committees. Among these are a number of cabinet officers.

There is already talk of adjournment for the Christmas holidays, and the prospect is that it will occur about the 20th instant, and that the holiday will continue until January 7. The leaders who have been in conference on this subject say that abundant time will then be left for the passage of all of the appropriation bills and for other necessary legislation.

Church and State Separation.

The church and state separation law, which was passed by the French parliament a year ago, will go into effect in Paris December 11 and will be enforced in the various departments on December 12 and 13. The French government is facing the situation with firmness and calmness, though the prospect of the religious crisis becoming acute has been augmented by an apparently authoritative announcement in the Croix, the clerical organ, that the pope forbids Catholics to abide by the public meeting law of 1881 under which the [illegible] religious services shall be held in the future.

Baseball Leagues Meet.

The annual meeting of the National League of Baseball clubs will be held in New York on Tuesday, December 11, and a meeting of the board of directors of the league will be held at the league's headquarters in New York on the same day. One of the purposes of the meeting will be to elect a president, for which office Harry C. Pulliam is again a candidate.

The annual meeting of the American League of Baseball clubs will be held in Chicago on Wednesday.

National Civic Federation.

The National Civic Federation will hold its annual meeting in New York on Wednesday and Thursday. The advisability of imposing taxes on incomes and inheritances will be discussed by Andrew Carnegie, President Eliot of Harvard, Oscar Straus and Samuel Gompers. Government by injunction will be discussed by John Mitchell, Seth Low and others. Child labor will also be considered.

The trial of the charges against the packing companies, indicted for alleged combinations, will begin in Chicago on Monday.

"The Japanese Question, as Affecting San Francisco," will be the subject of an address by Congressman Julius Kahn of California at a dinner of the New York Credit Men's association in New York on Tuesday evening.

Sentence is to be imposed upon Chester D. Gillette for the murder of Grace Brown at Herkimer, N. Y., Monday morning.

An investigation by the New York state Democratic committee of the conduct of Patrick McCarren of Brooklyn, who is accused of opposing W. R. Hearst's candidacy for governor in the last state campaign, will be resumed in New York on Thursday.

PRESIDENT CASTRO VERY ILL

Moves Down to Little Seacoast Village of Macuto—Serious Trouble Is Brewing.

FORT DE FRANCE, Martinique, Dec. 9.—Reliable advices received here from Venezuela set forth that President Castro has moved down to the little seacoast village of Macuto near La Guayra last Monday. The president is described as being very ill. He made the trip from Caracas in a bed.

CIPRIANO CASTRO, PRESIDENT OF VENEZUELA.

Whose critical illness necessitates his removal to the seashore. It is feared he may not recover.

When he arrived at Macuto he appeared to be absolutely unconscious. It is generally believed that he has no chance of recovery.

Violently worded posters have been circulated in Caracas declaring that no one is today deceived regarding the gravity of President Castro's illness, and insisting that the exercise of the executive power be assured through a vice president, as is provided for in the constitution. For a long time past the poster continued, only routine government matters have been attended to, and important questions are being held in abeyance.

General Parades, an ex-revolutionary now in exile is organizing a serious insurrectionary movement and declares that he will soon take the field. He claims to have 15,000 rifles at his disposition.

INFLUENCED BY STORIES

Read of Bank Robberies: Decided to Commit One Himself.

GREAT BEND, Kan., Dec. 9.—The name of the man who held up the J. V. Brinkman company bank yesterday is Joseph S. Kearns. His home is in Chicago, where he had lately been a news reporter. Kearns broke down today and asked that his uncle, Joseph G. Orr, a lawyer of South Bend, Ind., be telegraphed. Kearns says that for several years he has been working in Chicago. He has worked for Mandel Brothers as a stockkeeper and the Wells Fargo Express company as a driver of a money wagon. He said that he had read of the recent bank robberies over the country and that he came here direct from Chicago to do the job.

$10,000,000 APPROPRIATION

Los Angeles—Pacific Railway System to Be Improved.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 9.—The morning papers published a statement to the effect that E. H. Harrison has determined to set aside the sum of $10,000,000 for the improvement of the Los Angeles-Pacific Railway system. It is stated that it is the intention of the Harriman agents to arrange for the construction of a series of subways to parallel Fourth street, and that a ten-story building will be [illegible] of [illegible]

SITUATION GRAVE

POPE'S REJECTION HAS BEEN CONFIRMED.

SERIOUS TROUBLE IS FEARED

CATHOLICS REFUSE THE GOVERNMENT'S FINAL PROFFER.

RELIGIOUS CRISIS IN FRANCE

Government Regards Pontiff's Action as Little Less Than Summons of French Catholics to Open Rebellion.—Separation of the Church and State.

PARIS, Dec. 9.—France tonight seems to face an alarming religious crisis. Last night's report of the pope's eleventh hour rejection of the government's final proffer, under which Catholic worship could be continued under the common law, turns out to be only too true, and the deadlock now is apparently complete. According to the holy father's orders, declarations under the law of 1881 are prohibited, but the parish priests must remain in their churches until driven out by violence.

Creates Sensation.

The official confirmation of this commission has created a sensation, both in government and Catholic circles. Cardinal Lecot, archbishop of Bordeaux, Archbishop Germain and others who already had advised compliance with the law, have instructed the parish priests of their dioceses that their former advice is null and void, and today in all the churches of Paris, bishops and priests, after mass, read the letter from Cardinal Richard, archbishop of Paris, communicating the decision of the holy see to continue services in the churches, but abstain from any declaration, and Cardinal Richard's own instructions, in view of the order issued by the prefect of the Seine yesterday, not to permit for the present the employment of ceremonial draperies at marriages or funerals.

The church wardens, whose legal existence expires next Tuesday, were thanked today from the pulpit of the various churches.

Prayers were offered for the protection of God during the coming period of persecution.

Open Rebellion.

The government regards the action of the pontiff as little less than a summons of the French Catholics to open rebellion, as rendering the situation exceedingly grave and possibly entailing the most deplorable consequences.

Premier Clemenceau and M. Briand, minister of public worship, were in conference all day today. There is no sign of the government faltering, but it recognizes that it may be forced to resort to extreme measures. M. Briand said today that the decision of the pope was entirely unexpected.

"The encyclical is very grave," said M. Briand. "While condemning the law of 1905, it advises recourse to the common law. Although the refusal to form cultural associations was, in my opinion, an error, and to the detriment of the church, it was the church's legal right so to refuse. In a spirit of conciliation, out of respect to the consciences of the French Catholics, and in order to do nothing to disturb peace and tranquillity, the government thereupon prescribed this easy means of continuing worship by a simple declaration in accordance with the law of 1881. The pope's brutal order to the clergy to reject this offer practically incites them to violate the law of the country. He no longer acts as the spiritual head of the church, as the canonical objections against the law of 1905 can not be invoked against that of 1881. The pope now assumes a political leadership, and the vital question is whether the Catholics of France will consent to follow him or not. If they do, the government will act with even greater energy, because of the tolerance it has manifested heretofore. Every violation of the law will be prosecuted, and furthermore, special measures, legislative and otherwise, may be taken."

Strip Clergy of Privileges.

The special measures referred to by M. Briand are those intimated by Premier Clemenceau in the chamber of deputies, namely to strip the clergy of their privileges, compel them to perform military service and, as a last resort, to treat them as foreign subjects.

Militant Catholics are rejoicing at the stern attitude of the pope. A religious organ says the faithful can now face the future with serenity and "show the persecutors of the church that the daughter of eternity disdains the efforts of wicked men and will triumph in the end."

Decision of the Vatican.

The decision of the vatican, which is in the form of answers to specific questions, may be summarized as follows:

Paris priests, vicars, etc., must remain passive and may not co-operate in any act of sequestration, but if the bishop considers that the refusal of the treasurers to surrender the keys may cause grave consequences, he can permit them to do so on condition that they do not sign any document consecrating the spoliation; bishops may authorize Catholic organizations to participate in sequesters if the refusal would endanger positions necessary for the maintenance of their families, but parish priests and other Catholics can not participate in acts of sequestration in any manner unless the sequestered ecclesiastical property is permitted to pay rent to the public administrator, or unless the contract can not be broken without heavy loss; churches, [illegible] etc., which are [illegible] cannot be [illegible] of similar necessity and after the administrator has signed a declaration not to attempt in any way to abridge the liberty of the lessee; if called to the colors, ecclesiastics must appeal to the council of state, but pending the council's decision, should their failures to respond to the call subject them to the penalty of desertion, they can report for service and, if cultural associations are formed, the parish priest must remain in his church and continue to say mass until driven out by [illegible] place appears, the legitimate priest must leave the church, first warning his parishioners; he must not participate in any schismatic service."

BARELY ESCAPE WITH LIVES

Captain and Crew of Wellington Rescued in Nick of Time.

NASSAU, N. P., Dec. 9.—Capt. Fredericksen of the Norwegian bark, Wellington, his wife and 15 members of the crew of the vessel, were rescued December 2 in an exhausted condition by the Elder Dempster steamer Sokoto in latitude 35 north, longitude 66 west. The Wellington, which sailed from Gulfport, Miss., November 12, with a cargo of lumber for Rosario, Argentina, was water-logged when deserted. The Sokoto will take the rescued persons to Havana.

FATAL COLLISION IN KANSAS

Foreman Killed and Several Passengers Hurt in Wreck.

PITTSBURG, Kan., Dec. 9.—In a collision here today between a Missouri Pacific passenger train north bound and a 'Frisco stock special, at the crossing of the two roads, Thos. F. Freeman of Nevada, Mo., fireman of the passenger train, was killed. Engineer Albert J. Page, of the passenger train, also of Nevada, and Mrs. Anna Steel, of Erie, Colo., were injured.

CONDITION IS CRITICAL

FORMER SENATOR BROWN MAY DIE OF INJURIES.

Mrs. Anna M. Bradley, Who Shot the Utah Senator, Is on the Verge of Collapse—Hysterical All Day.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—Former United States Senator Arthur Brown of Utah, who was shot by Mrs. Anna M. Bradley of Salt Lake City in his apartments at the Hotel Raleigh yesterday afternoon, tonight lies in a critical condition at the Emergency hospital. The doctors announced tonight that he has a chance of recovery, but his friends admit there has been a change for the worse during the day and thought his recovery is extremely doubtful. There are symptoms of peritonitis, which the physicians fear may lead to blood poisoning.

Mr. Brown has not given out any statement since he went on the operating table at the hospital yesterday, and the doctors will not permit anyone to see him. Mr. Gunn, of Helena, who came to Washington with Mr. Brown to appear with him before the supreme court, called upon him at the hospital several times today, but was denied admittance to Brown's room.

An elderly woman, who refused to give her name to the hospital attendants, asked to see Mr. Brown. The woman said that she is an aunt of the wounded man, and that she resides in Washington. She was heavily veiled. Mr. Brown's daughter, Alice, of Columbus, O., who is a reporter on a morning newspaper there, and his son, Arthur Brown, Jr., a student in the University of Chicago, arrived tonight and saw their father for a minute.

Mrs. Brown was taken from the First precinct police station to the house of detention at 9 o'clock this morning. She was hysterical all day. She made frequent inquiries as to the condition of her victim. Her attorneys say she is on the verge of collapse. She was in conference with her lawyers for more than two hours today, and they directed that she see no one except Senator Sutherland and her physician.

According to the police, a number of prominent western politicians have notified her they are willing to furnish money for her defense. Several local restaurant today telephoned the matron at the house of detention that they would gladly serve Mrs. Bradley's meals free of charge. A representative of the Salvation Army also offered assistance. Mrs. Bradley is held without bail on the charge of assault with intent to kill. She will not be given a preliminary hearing until the extent of Mr. Brown's injuries are known.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—It was announced at the Emergency hospital at 3:15 o'clock this morning that former Senator Brown of Utah is sinking. His friends do not believe he can live beyond 48 hours.

FLOWING INTO SALTON SINK.

Colorado River Again Unruly—Damage of $05,000,000.

YUMA, Ariz., Dec. 9.—The entire Colorado river has found a channel around the Hind dam and is flowing back into Salton sink. Unless the flood can be stopped very soon the main line of the Southern Pacific will have to be rebuilt for 200 miles on higher ground, and a thousand people in Salton basin will lose their homes. Not less than $35,000,000 depends upon the success of the effort to close the break.

MADMAN SHOOTS TO KILL

Demented Miner Causes Panic in Street Car With Two Guns.

JACKSON, O., Dec. 9.—Elmer McNeal, a demented coal miner, armed with two revolvers, began shooting today in a crowded trolley car leaving this city for Wellston, instantly killing Harry White, dangerously wounding J. K. Van Natta and severely wounded J. E. Kinnison, superintendent of the public schools of this city. McN[illegible] [illegible] by citizens.

DEFICIT IS SHOWN

POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT IS NOT SELF-SUSTAINING.

IMPROVEMENTS STILL FAVORED

POSTMASTER GENERAL SUBMITS HIS ANNUAL REPORT.

BETTER PAY FOR EMPLOYES

Rural Service Costly Addition, but Greatly Increases Bulk of First-Class Mail Matter—Public Demand for Postal Facilities Constantly Growing.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—The annual report of the postmaster general reviews the work of the department for the past year, gives in detail the postal revenue and expenditures, discusses important changes that have been made in departmental organization, and makes such suggestions and recommendations as appear to be warranted.

Financial Statement.

The following is a statement of the department's finances:

The receipts for the year were $167,932,752.95; the expenditures, $178,448,778.89; excess of expenditures over receipts, $10,515,995.94.

After discussing various reforms in

GEORGE B. CORTELYOU.

Postmaster general, who, in annual report, urges continued improvement of service despite the deficit.

the organization of the department, the postmaster general says:

"I repeat what I stated a year ago, that while it would be a gratifying circumstance if the postoffice department were self-sustaining, I am less concerned about the deficit than about the efficiency of administration. The public demand for postal facilities is constantly growing. If the installation of the rural service had depended upon the existence of a surplus in the postal revenues under the existing system of accounting, that service could not have been given. The same considerations apply to a number of other branches. The financial returns from certain branches are so interwoven with and dependent upon others that there is much force in the contention that it is unreasonable to charge any one of them with the responsibility for the deficit.

Favor Improvement.

The rural delivery has undoubtedly increased the bulk of first-class mail matter. The circulation of the second-class mail also very largely affects the bulk of the higher class, to what degree it is practically impossible to determine. Of course, a rapidly increasing deficit for a period of years may be a matter of some concern, but I think present conditions warrant in turning our attention, rather, to an investigation and improvement of every branch of the department's work.

"In spite of defects the efficiency of the service has been in many respects remarkable, as witness the record of the registry service for the half century of its existence, showing a percentage of loss from all causes—including burglary, theft, and fire—for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1904, of only three one-thousandths of 1 per cent. Some private business enterprises may in certain directions yield better financial returns, but they can not show a higher standard of integrity nor more faithful performance of duty."

Compensation of Employes.

"A year ago I invited attention to the compensation of various classes of postal employes, and stated that I was convinced that in many cases the [illegible] employes were inadequate; that while in recent years the cost of living had increased, particularly in the larger cities, there had been no corresponding advance in the remuneration of postal employes, as there had been in the cases of persons employed outside the service. I then expressed the hope that the matter would receive the earnest attention of the congress and that a scale of salaries and a system for their adjustment might be devised that would place the question of compensation on a more satisfactory basis. The experience of the past year convinces me that the time has arrived for the consideration of this important feature of the service.

"The general advance in salaries in all industrial and commercial pursuits as well as the recent flat advance of 10 per cent in the salaries of [illegible] employes by many of the leading railroad systems, has naturally led to [illegible] the great majority of the [illegible]

[illegible] on Page Two.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

Necessity Knows No Law

THE TIME HAS COME.

Odds and ends will know no value at our store this week. We will start Monday to close out odds and ends in men's and boys' suits and overcoats. Less than manufactory cost in high-class clothing.

[illegible] and $30, odd lots $17.50
Lot 3 and 4 Suits—Men's, sold $18 and $20, odd lots $13.75
Lot 5 and 6 Suits—Men's, sold $12 and $15, odd lots at $9.75
Lot 7 and 8 Suits—Men's, sold $10, odd lots at $7.25

MEN'S OVERCOATS SOLD.

Lot 1 and 2—Men's Overcoats, sold $20 and $25, odd lots $16.50
Lot 3 and 4, Men's Overcoats, sold $15 and $18, odd lots $12.75
Lot 5 and 6, Men's Overcoats, sold $10 and $12, odd lots $8.50
Lot 7, Men's Overcoats, sold $8.50, odd lot $6.00

Same cut prevails in Boys' Long and Short Pants Suits and Overcoats—all we ask is a look in and you will find that we are living up to our ad.

THE [illegible] COMPANY
Home of Good Clothing and Toggery.

SPORTS

SIX RACING MEN FALL

SECOND HOUR OF BIG RACE DISASTROUS.

Smashed Machines Replaced by New Ones and the Grind Is Continued.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—Madison Square Garden was packed from pit to dome when the international six-day bicycle race was started at 12:07 o'clock this morning. There were no scratches and when the pistol cracked the sixteen teams of thirty-two riders got away. The starters were:

Belgium-Holland team—Arthur Vanderstuyft, Belgium; Johann Stol, Holland.

Australian team—E. A. Pye and E. J. Clark, Australia.

Dixie-Yankee team—Bobby Walthour, Atlanta; Hugh McLean, Boston.

German-California team—Walter Rutt, Germany; Floyd MacFarland, San Jose, Cal.

Scotch-Irish team—A. W. MacDonald, Somerville, Mass.; John B. Coffey, Boston.

Irish team—Matt Downey, Boston; James Moran, Chelsea.

Canadian-Irish team—Louis Mettling, Canada; Patrick Logan, Ireland.

Long Island team—John Bedell and Menus Bedell, Lynbrook, L. I.

French-Italian team—Petet Breton, France; Carlo Vanoni, Italy.

French team—Emil Georget and Leon Georget, France.

New York team—E. F. Root, Sheepshead Bay; Joseph Fogler, Brooklyn.

Mormon team—W. E. Samuelson and C. L. Hollister, Salt City City.

German-American team—Floyd Krebs and Edward Rupprecht, Newark, N. J.

Wild West team—Norman C. Hopper, Minneapolis; Hardy Downing, San Jose, Cal.

National Turyeem team—Urban McDonald and Charles Schlee, New York.

Farmer and Messenger Boy team—Frank Galvin, New Milford, Ot.; George Wiley, Syracuse, N. Y.

Those who represented the teams at the start were the following: Vanderstuyft, Vanoni, E. Georget, Clark, MacFarland, Walthour, Root, Moran, MacDonald, Samuelson, Downing, Menus Bedell, Krebs, Schlee, Galvin and Mettling. Mettling led at the fifth mile with Walthour in second place and Root third. The time was 12:21.

In the second hour the first spill of the race took place. Six riders were thrown into a heap, but no one was hurt. Breton, while going at a rapid pace, fell and the riders following were thrown. Several machines were smashed and the men walked to their headquarters on the track where they mounted other machines and continued the race. The score at the end of the second hour (2 o'clock) was 19 miles 2 laps; all teams tied.

GAUSS WINS GOLF TOURNEY

Defeats H. B. Davis, Jr., at Town and Gown Links.

In the whole handicap golf tournament against bogey between members of the Town and Gown Golf club Saturday afternoon, F. W. Gauss was the winner with [illegible] up. The results were as follows: F. W. Gauss, 2 up; H. B. Davis, Jr., 1 up; W. K. Jewett, 2 down; T. G. Miller, 2 down; J. P. Hubbell, 1 down; C. G. Graham, 6 down; E. J. Ulrich, 6 down; H. B. Davis, 6 down.

J. E. McIntyre and H. C. Jay withdrew.

At a conference held at Denver, Saturday, between the representatives of Denver university, the University of Colorado and the State School of Mines for the purpose of arranging football schedules for next year, several propositions were formulated for the consideration of the respective athletic boards. The three institutions mentioned were desirous of securing a Thanksgiving day game in Denver, but no definite agreement could be reached. The outcome is likely to be the calling of a conference at which all the institutions of the state, including Colorado [illegible], will be represented, and the [illegible] state league reorganized.

LETTER TO ROOT

(Continued from Page One.)

a lively recollection of this kind and friendly attitude, and because of the affection it inspired, I submitted to conduct from Mr. and Mrs. Storer to which I would have submitted from no other ambassador and his wife, and I did not resent their actions until it became evident that they were likely to damage American interests. Mrs. Storer insisted to me often that their change of creed had proved a deadly blow to her husband's career, and that they were suffering for conscience sake. I accepted this statement as true and it gave me a certain chivalric feeling that I ought to do what I could to help them and be as patient as possible with them.

Under President McKinley, Mr. Storer was made minister first to Belgium and then to Spain. About the time of my accession to the vice presidency, I wrote at President McKinley's request to Mr. and Mrs. Storer [illegible] sired me to say that Mr. Storer was ultimately to be made an ambassador. Mr. and Mrs. Storer were greatly interested in securing the promotion of Archbishop Ireland to be a cardinal. I had and have a sincere respect and admiration for Archbishop Ireland, a respect and admiration which I often publicly expressed. The letter from me to Mr. and Mrs. Storer, quoted in Mr. Storer's pamphlet, gives with precision my views both upon Archbishop Ireland and upon the possibility or propriety of my taking in his behalf the steps which the Storers asked, and I can add nothing to what these letters themselves show.

As to Archbishop Ireland.

When they first wrote to me on the subject, I was governor of New York. Not being president myself, and not having thought out with clearness the exact situation, I asked President McKinley whether he could properly do anything to help Archbishop Ireland. He responded that it was not a matter with which he could with propriety interfere, although he expressed himself as having the same high opinion of Archbishop Ireland that I had. I had a further conversation with the president on the subject, either just before or just after my election as vice-president, in which he stated what he felt was the proper position—a position with which I absolutely agreed. Following this conversation in my letter to Mrs. Storer of November 25, 1899, quoted by Mr. Storer in his pamphlet, I stated with absolute clearness my position and why it was out of the question for the president to try to get any archbishop made cardinal; and all the letters quoted by Mr. Storer as having been subsequently written by me to him or to his wife take precisely the same position. I explained repeatedly that my friendship and admiration for Archbishop Ireland (which is like my friendship and admiration for Bishop Lawrence of the Episcopal church and Bishop Cranston of the Methodist church, like my friendship and admiration for many clergymen of many denominations—Baptists, Lutherans, Congregationalists, Presbyterians and others), would make me pleased to see any good fortune attend him, or any churchman like him, of any creed; but that I could not interfere for his promotion, or indeed in any way, in the ecclesiastical affairs of any church. This was also the position I took in all private conversations, and the assertion that in any private conversation I took an opposite position from that which I was repeatedly expressing in writing, is not only an untruth but an absurd untruth, for I would, of course, not say privately to anyone the opposite of what I was repeatedly writing to that same person.

Put Down Memorandum.

Mr. Storer asserts that he and Mrs. Storer and various other people, after conversation with me, put down memoranda as to what they remembered I had said. If such action was taken, it was of course simply dishonorable. No one of them ever showed me or would have ventured to show me any such memoranda, and it is nonsense to expect to bind me by a memorandum, the existence of which was concealed from me. The storers were my guests at the time when as they assert they made these memoranda of private conversation with me. As a matter of fact, the statements they allege me to have made were not made, save insofar as what they allege me to have said agreed with what, before and after, I wrote to them. In this connection, I call your attention to the following statement issued from the White house on November 9, 1905, eleven days before the Storer pamphlet was received by me, or that I had any knowledge whatever of it.

"For many years it has been the invariable practice never to attempt to quote a private conversation with the president. It has been found that as a matter of fact the man who quotes such a conversation usually misquotes it, whether consciously or unconsciously; and such an alleged conversation is under no circumstances to be held as calling for either explanation or denial by the president. The president is responsible for what he himself says in public; for what he writes or for what he explicitly authorizes some proper government officials to state in his behalf."

Mrs. Storer wrote me with great freedom, and sometimes it was difficult to know quite how to answer her. Both she and Mr. Storer continually made attacks upon all sorts of people, especially dignitaries of her own church. At one time she wrote me with great bitterness against the protestant missionaries who were being sent to the Philippines, at the same time requesting me to champion Archbishop Ireland, because he had been loyal to the United States during the war with Spain, which, she asserted, was not true as to another Catholic archbishop whom she named. While I was always reluctant to write in a way that would hurt the feelings of either of the Storers, on this occasion I thought it necessary to write just what my position was, and accordingly replied as follows:

"May 17, 1900.

"My Dear Mrs. Storer—Your letter of the 9th has just come to hand. Also of the 6th. I am very, very fond of you, and that is the reason that your letters put me in a quandary. You want me to do all kinds of things that I can not possibly do, and that I ought not to do, and you say things which I do not want to contradict, and yet it makes me feel very hypocritical if I seem to acquiesce in them. You must remember that there are many other people who feel about their religion just as you feel about yours. They can no more understand that turning Catholic than you can understand Catholics turning protestant. Some of the best people I have ever met were protestants who had originally been Catholics. I can not stop, and I can not urge the stopping of missionaries going anywhere they choose. I emphatically feel as I have always told you, that the chance for bettering the Catholic inhabitants of the tropic islands lies by bringing them to the highest standard of American Catholicism. The worst thing that could happen both for them and the Catholic church would be for the Catholic church to champion the iniquities that have undoubtedly been committed, not only by lay but by clerical would-be leaders in the Philippines and elsewhere. One incident which I actually can not put on paper came to my personal knowledge in connection with a high Catholic ecclesiastic in Cuba, which was of a character so revolting and bestial that it made one feel that the whole hierarchy in the island needed drastic renovation. Now I very earnestly wish that Archbishop Ireland and those who are most advanced among our Catholic priests—men like the Paulist fathers, for instance—should be given a free hand in those islands, and should be [illegible]

But you must remember how hampered I am in writing, from the fact that I do not like to see anyone admit for a moment the right of a foreign potentate to interfere in American public policy. For instance, you speak of the pope being angry with Archbishop Ireland for not stopping the war with Spain. As far as I am concerned, I would resent as an impertinence any European, whether pope, kaiser, czar or prince, daring to be angry with any American because of his action or inaction as regards any question between America and the outside nations. No pretension of this kind should be admitted for one moment. If any man, clerical or lay, bishop, archbishop, priest or civilian, was in any way guilty of treasonable practices with Spain during our war, he should be shot or hung, and it is an outrage on justice that he should be at large. But I can not write in a way that will seem to defend a man for not avoiding war with Spain, for I can not recognize for a single moment the right of any European so much as to think that there is need of defense or excuse in such a case.

"As you know, I always treat Catholic and protestant exactly alike, as I do Jew or gentile, as I do the man of native American, German, Irish or any other kind of parentage. Any discrimination for or against a man, because of his creed or nativity, strikes me as an infamy. Men like Bishop Keane, like the late Father Cassedy, like Father Betford, the parish priest of my own town of Oyster Bay, and like scores of other priests whom I could name, are entitled to receive the same measure of affectionate respect and loyal support that I have given men like Phillips Brooks, like Mr. Devine and like so very many other protestant clergymen whom I could name. Moreover, my dear Mrs. Storer, whatever I could do for you and Bellamy would be done, but I simply do not see how I can do anything in this particular matter.

"With great respect,

"Very sincerely yours,

(Signed) "THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

Besieged With Letters.

As soon as I became president I began to receive letters from Mrs. Storer asking for the promotion of Mr. Storer, and letters from both of them complaining that the work in Madrid was uncongenial and complaining also of the character and standing of various people in the public service. On September 22, 1901, eight days after President McKinley's death, Mrs. Storer wrote me urging that I should appoint Mr. Storer to the cabinet and specifying as a desirable place the war department, of which you were the head, the letter running, "Please give him either the navy or war. * * * I pray that Bellamy, who so richly deserves it, shall have a chance for honorable service at home to his country."

When I explained that I did not intend to remove anyone or make any changes in the cabinet at the time, she wrote me on October 17, suggesting the embassies at London and Paris as fit places for her husband, and stating that Mr. Choate and General Porter were not proper persons to be ambassadors. In view of the intense indignation of Mr. and Mrs. Storer at his being removed from office now, there is a certain element of the comic in their attempt thus to get me to remove either you or Mr. Choate or Mr. Porter for the purpose of giving Mr. Storer either a cabinet position or the embassy in England or France. I received many letters of the general tenor of those mentioned, enumerating their hardships and services and enemies. As Mr. Storer in his pamphlet quotes a letter of November 24 from me, marked personal, in which I told his wife that he should be made special ambassador at the marriage of the king of Spain, alleging that this was a fresh mark of my approval of his conduct, I may mention that the letter containing this statement on my part was in answer to one from Mrs. Storer, in which she begged for the appointment of her husband, her letter running in part as follows:

"Please, please send us to Madrid as special envoys to the wedding. It would be very appropriate, and I would love it." It is hard to find the exact words in which to criticise Mr. Storer's efforts to twist the meaning of my granting such a request couched in such a style.

There remains for me to discuss but one matter, and that is Mr. Storer's assertion in his pamphlet that although in my letters I persistently refused to ask the pope to promote Archbishop Ireland to be a cardinal, I nevertheless gave him a verbal message commissioning him to make the request on my behalf of the pope. Mr. Storer also asserts that President McKinley took a similar course, commissioning a gentleman whom he named to ask the appointment of Archbishop Ireland as cardinal "as a personal favor to him," the president as "an honor to the country." This is the direct contradictory of what President McKinley told me was his attitude in the matter, and Mr. Cortelyou, who was then his private secretary, writes me as follows:

"Office of the Postmaster General, Washington, Dec. 1, 1906.

"My Dear Mr. President—In the pamphlet letter of Bellamy Storer to the president and the members of his cabinet, November, 1906, are several statements referring to the late President McKinley, among them the following:

"'President McKinley heartily furthered the efforts made by Mr. Roosevelt, myself and others to promote the appointment of Archbishop Ireland (as cardinal), and in the spring of 1899 he commissioned Bishop O'Gorman to say to the pope that that appointment would be considered a personal favor to him, the president, as well as an honor to the country. And this the bishop did, speaking in the president's name in a personal audience with the pope.'

"This statement of Mr. Storer distorts what was evidently an expression of deep personal regard and respect for an individual into what is in substance a request for his advancement as a member of an ecclesiastical organization. The late president never made such a request, never furthered the efforts of anyone to bring about such an appointment, nor would he permit any official of his administration to do so. He was scrupulously particular in this regard, and he made no compromise with his convictions on the subject.

"Speaking from personal knowledge of President McKinley's attitude concerning Archbishop Ireland, I wish to say that he had the highest regard for the archbishop and believed that, while devoted to his church, he was in full sympathy with American ideals, and that because of this he was able to render inestimable service both to his church and to his country. But, if Bishop O'Gorman made any such representation as that alluded to by Mr. Storer, he did so under an absolute misapprehension. I have repeatedly heard President McKinley state that in all such matters he could not divorce himself from his office as president, and that he would not under any circumstances interfere with or attempt to influence the action of any religious organization here or abroad looking to the preferment of any of its members.

"In following this course he was true to fundamental principles of the American government as you have been.

"What I have said regarding the particular quotation above referred to applies to any other similar reference to the late president in this pamphlet.

"Very sincerely yours,

"GEORGE B. CORTELYOU."

Denies Receiving Letter.

As for Mr. Storer's assertion that I used him to make such a statement as he says he was authorized to make to the pope, it is untrue. I gave him no such authorization. Mr. Storer proceeds to say that he has wrote me a letter giving a full account of his visit to the vatican, the pope. A careful search of the files in my office fails to show any such letter from him, and neither I nor my secretary, Mr. Loeb, who receives and examines all my correspondence, have any remembrance of ever receiving such a letter; and had it been received we could not fail to remember it. I never received from him any letter giving any such account of his visit to the vatican and his conversation with the pope as he now says he sent me; and, this is evident from the letters which he gives as written by me to him on December 27 and December 30, in which, as you will see I specifically state that I did not know whether or not he had even called at the vatican and that he might merely have seen some cardinal privately." A statement wholly incompatible with my having received such a letter as that which he says he sent. In his answer to this letter he never traversed, or in any way alluded to, this statement of mine, which he could hardly have failed to do had he already written me such a letter as he now describes.

On December 19 I had written him upon a verbal request made to me by an ecclesiastical friend that I should write a letter for Archbishop Ireland.

I told him, of course, that I could not interfere in such a matter, as it was none of my business who was made cardinal; that personally I had a very strong friendship for the archbishop and that individually it would please me greatly to see him made cardinal, just as it pleased me when Dr. Satterlee was made bishop of Washington; but that I could no more interfere in one case than in the other. In short, that my feeling for the archbishop was due to my respect for him as a useful and honorable man—just such a feeling as I have had for Phillips Brooks and for many other clergymen of various denominations, but that I could not as president in any way try to help any clergyman of any denomination to high rank in that denomination.

I say that I never received such a letter as that which Mr. Storer alleged he wrote me. I may add that I am by no means certain he ever sent me such a letter; my doubt being due to the facts I am about to set forth, which show that when he now attempts to describe the letters he sent me, Mr. Storer's memory becomes marvelously treacherous.

On pages 23 to 25 of his pamphlet, Mr. Storer writes as follows: the having first stated that from my letters he gathered that I had resolved to repudiate all authority for his action and to appear ignorant of it:

"Shortly after writing this I received another letter from the president. I quote the portions referring to this matter:

Storer Quotes Letter.

"'Let me repeat to you that in reference to matters affecting the Catholic church, events have absolutely (and conclusively) shown that while you are ambassador you must keep absolutely clear of any deed or word in Rome or elsewhere which would seem to differentiate your position from that of other ambassadors. The mere fact of any report in the newspaper about your calling at the vatican (has had a very unfortunate effect. I dare say you did not call. You may merely have seen some cardinal privately, but the unpleasant talk over the affair emphasizes the need of extreme circumspection while you are in your present position. While I am president and you are an ambassador neither of us in his public relations is to act as Catholic or protestant, Jew or gentile, and we have to be careful not merely to do what is right, but to so carry ourselves as to show that we are doing what is right. I shall ask you not to quote me to any person in connection with any affair of the Catholic church and yourself not to take action of any kind which will give ground for belief that you as an American ambassador are striving to interfere in the affairs of the church.'

"This letter with its virtual assertion that my visit to the vatican was not only unauthorized but was so contrary to what could have been expected, that the president hardly then believed that it had occurred, was unintelligible except on the theory that he had resolved to repudiate all authority for my action and to appear ignorant of it, and was now writing a letter which would be serviceable later as evidence to support that position. In fact, this was the use to which the letter was afterward actually put by him in quoting it to persons not informed of the facts, as will appear later. I felt that the only thing for me to do in this situation was to tender my resignation at once, and that I immediately did, accompanying it by a letter to the president of which I regret to say that I can find no copy. To this I received the following reply:

"White House, Washington, D. C., Jan. 29, 1904.

"Dear Bellamy—I have your letter. It is absolutely all right; we will treat the incident as closed. Nothing would persuade me to accept your resignation, old fellow, and I am sure John Hay feels as I do. When I see you I shall explain as I do not like to do on paper, both how foul had been the steps taken by Hay in investigating the matter, and the use that was made against me of your letter. I shall give Hay your note.

"Faithfully yours,

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

"With this the incident closed," I had followed exactly the president's request in seeing Pope Pius X. I had reported to him in detail my interview; I had put it squarely to him that I had done nothing beyond what he had asked me to do, and he had thereupon left the subject, not disavowing his authority nor dissenting from any statement. I accordingly accepted as sincere the cordial expressions with which he refused to accept my resignation, as it was apparent that his irritation had been caused not by my acts, but by the publicity which had unfortunately been given to things which he wished to have done, but wished to be kept secret.

Fortunately, I have the original of the letter of which Mr. Storer says he kept no copy, and it shows that Mr. Storer's statement is false. This letter was in answer to a letter of mine which he quotes in part, but which in its entirety is as follows:

"The White House, Washington, D. C., Dec. 30, 1903.

"My Dear Bellamy—(Personal)—In my last letter to you I wrote you as to a report I had heard about your writing a letter concerning the dismissal of Hurst. This came to me from an outside source, and I did not credit it. Since then Secretary Hay has sent me over a letter (of yours) to Senator Hanna, which the latter put before the department with a request that he be given information in order to answer you. Secretary Hay feels, of course, exceedingly indignant over your having written in such a manner to any outsider, and feels that there should be some official rebuke. Because of our personal relations, I write in this way to you instead.

"I hardly think you could have thought exactly what you were writing. You say, for instance, about the dismissal of Hurst: 'I do know the manner of his removal, in a way I should be ashamed to employ with a common servant.'

"'I have never known, if what I hear is the case, of a more sudden or unexpected action of any administration.

"'It may be none of your business, nor mine, but I know you do not like injustice.'

"Of course, this amounts to a bitter attack upon the administration of which you are a part. You make charges of a grave nature against the secretary of the state and the president under whom you are serving. If these charges were true, that would not, in my opinion, justify you in writing to the senator in such fashion. As it happens, they are absolutely without foundation. No case was gone into more carefully than this. I have upon it and from a special and trusted agent of the department—a man in whose judgment the department has absolute confidence. No other action was possible in view of these reports.

"I know, my dear Bellamy, that you have not intended to do anything disloyal or improper, but surely, on thinking over the matter, you will see that there should be but one possible construction to be put upon such a letter from you. Think of the effect if your letter were made public.

"Let me repeat to you that, in reference to matters affecting the Catholic church, events have conclusively shown that while you are ambassador you must keep absolutely clear of any deed or word in Rome, or elsewhere, which would seem to differentiate your position from that of other ambassadors. The mere fact of the report in the newspapers about your calling at the vatican has had a very unfortunate effect. I dare say you did not call, you may merely have seen some cardinal privately; but the unpleasant talk over the affair emphasizes the need of [illegible] your present position. While I am president and you are ambassador neither of us in his public relations is to act as Catholic or protestant, Jew or gentile, and we have to be careful, but merely to do what is right, but so to carry ourselves as to show that we are doing what is right. I shall ask you not to quote me to any person in any shape or way in connection with any affair of the Catholic church and yourself not to take action of any kind which will give ground for the belief that you as an American ambassador are striving to interfere in the affairs of the church.

"With love to Marian. Faithfully yours,

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

Tenders Resignation.

In response to this, Mr. Storer wrote me a letter tendering his resignation, not, as he asserts, because of anything in connection with his visit to the vatican, but solely because of his conduct in the Hurst matter. In this letter, in answer to mine of December 30, he makes absolutely no allusion whatever to what I said in that letter as to his call at the vatican; this letter of mine shows that I had never heard from him that he called at the vatican, and his absolute silence at the time shows that what he says now on the subject is a pure afterthought. He never in any way dissented from the statements I made in these three letters of December 19, 27 and 30; and in this letter of January 16, in which he tendered his resignation, his whole concern was over his conduct in the Hurst affair. His letter runs in part as follows (all the omitted parts referring also exclusively to the Hurst matter):

"Jan. 16, 1904.

"My Dear Theodore—I find in answering your letter of December * * * that I made an error of date. The letter I wrote Hanna as also the writing to yourself on the consul general matter was after 22nd February, 1903, instead of in January, as I inadvertently stated. Since then I have received your second letter of 30th December.

"My writing any letter in the terms I did was inexcusable and that I admit fully and with the deepest regret.

"If in your judgment it would clear me in Mr. Hay's eye, will you hand him the inclosed note of personal apology? But I beg you will do this or not as you think wise, as I must not appear to try to escape official censure by personal repentance. Therefore give or burn this note as you deem best. Not to justify my writing at all, or in using the language I did, but to explain the affair, I must call attention to the difference of procedure in this consular case as to what I had supposed was precedent.

* * * * *

"All this is no excuse for a public officer writing as I did outside of the department. If in weighing the matter it seems as if I, by my own act, have lost the confidence of the secretary of state, you must, without regard to me, treat me as you would any other public officer for the good of the service. Without the confidence of the department the work can not go on. For your sake I should wish that my leaving the service might be made to appear a voluntary one in the spring or early summer. Also I think it would be better to have it known after June. In spite of everything it might make political gossip, which I should wish to postpone until the din of the campaign is on. I thank you, my dear Theodore, loyally and sincerely, for your letter. I never doubt your absolute loyalty in friendship to me and mine.

"Faithfully yours,

"BELLAMY STORER."

There could be no fuller confession of wrongdoing or more absolute throwing himself upon the mercy of his superior. It was this letter which I answered saying, as he has himself quoted, that I would treat the incident as closed and would not accept his resignation, and that I was sure that John Hay felt as I did. With peculiar perfidy, Mr. Storer now seeks to turn this act of cordial, and, I think I may add, generous, friendship on my part, into an attack upon me by treating my refusal to accept his resignation as an indorsement of his position in the matter of the vatican, to which there was absolutely no allusion whatever of any kind or sort in his letter of resignation.

This bare recital of facts is in itself the severest possible condemnation of Mr. Storer's disingenuousness.

Very truly yours,

(Signed) THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

Hon. Elihu Root, Secretary of State.

DEFICIT IS SHOWN

(Continued from Page One.)

That the pay of many government employes is less than that of equally important employes of railroads is admitted; and while it may be said that the ranks of government employes can always be recruited, it would seem that this department must inevitably lose many of the best trained and most desirable among its personnel if nothing is done for their relief.

Employes Are Leaving Service.

"Competent employes are constantly leaving the service to obtain better wages elsewhere. The salaries paid in the lower grades offer little inducement to those seeking employment. Numerous vacancies caused by the resignation of experienced clerks have to be filled, at best, by inexperienced men, thus lowering the efficiency of the service. Much of the work in our postoffices can not be performed satisfactorily by such men, as years of training are required before proficiency is attained.

Merchant Marine.

"Foreign governments are steadily increasing the speed of their fast mail steamers and requiring them to have fixed and regular sailings. The mail steamers of other countries leaving ports of the United States will more and more absorb our foreign mail transportation until such time as the United States provides an adequate compensation for the outward voyage on steamers of equal speed and regularity of sailing.

Denver university will give a banquet and theater party to this year's football team at the Brown Palace hotel and the Broadway at Denver tonight.

There's an old saying

"Never Despise a Man Because He Wears a Ragged Coat"

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HAYES TENDERS RESIGNATION

Can Not Give Time to Affairs of the Colorado State Good Roads Association.

J. A. Hayes of this city, president of the Colorado State Good Roads association has tendered his resignation as president of the association to the secretary of the organization. The position will probably be filled by Dr. F. L. Bartlett, of Denver, the present vice president, at the next meeting of the association. Speaking of his action in resigning, Mr. Hayes said:

"Yes, I have sent in my resignation as president of the Good Roads association, not because I am not interested in the good roads movement or object to any of the present methods adopted for the furtherance of the good road project, but for the simple reason that my business affairs are such as to require all my time. The recent impetus given to the plans of the association will go far towards making good state roads a reality and the efforts put forth by the public spirited men interested have my heartiest moral support. Dr. Bartlett of Denver, vice president of the association, will in all probability be elected president at the next meeting of the association. He has worked hard for the success of the movement and is deserving and capable."

Mr. Hayes left for Denver last night on personal business.

INTERESTING ACCOUNT OF TRIP

President and Mrs. Slocum Attended Important Meetings While in New York.

An interesting account of their trip is given by President and Mrs. W. F. Slocum, of Colorado college, who recently returned from the east. Mrs. Slocum was in attendance at New York on the national conference of college Young Women's Christian associations, a work in which she has been deeply interested for a number of years, and in which she takes an active part.

The annual meeting of the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching, called Dr. Slocum east. This was also held in New York. This board has in charge the administration of the fund which Andrew Carnegie has established for development of higher education in this country. President Eliot of Harvard university is chairman of the committee, the other members being the respective presidents of Yale, Columbia, Cornell, Princeton, Pennsylvania, Leland Stanford, Oberlin and Western Reserve colleges. Dr. Slocum was elected to the vacancy created by the death of President Harper of the Chicago university.

This board is exerting a powerful influence on movements for higher education throughout the country and one of its beneficent accomplishments is the establishment of pensions for college and university instructors who have rendered important service in the educational world. It is a high compliment to Colorado college and its faculty that it has been placed on the limited list of colleges that are to be benefited by this fund. This makes it possible for instructors who have been connected for a number of years with the college, to receive a salary during the remainder of their lives after they have retired from active service. This is one of the many thing that President Slocum has carried through for Colorado college and it all helps to bring this institution into close relationship with the older ones throughout the country.

FIRE DAMAGES BIG RANCHES

George Bernard Heavy Loser—Orr Buys Shemwell Property While Conflagration Rages.

Approximately $30,000 damage was caused by fire in the eastern part of El Paso county Saturday, the George Bernard and James H. Shemwell ranches, near Falcon, sustaining heavy loss.

The fire, which is thought to have been caused by sparks from passing locomotives, is said to have totally destroyed the buildings on the Bernard ranch, in addition to several tons of hay and several thousand acres of grass. On the Shemwell ranch, several thousand feet of fence and thousands of acres of grass were burned.

Shemwell yesterday closed a deal for the sale of the ranch to James A. Orr, of this city, the transaction being consummated before news of the fire had been received. Mr. Orr will at once investigate the amount of the damage.

Always Remember the Full Name
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

POLICE DO SOME QUICK WORK

Two Men Arrested at Depot on Request From Husted and Cripple Creek.

Some unusually quick work in two instances was done by the police and detective department last night. James Morgan, alias James Manning, formerly employed at the Walker ranch near Husted, 11 miles north of this city, was captured by Patrolman James Davis and Detective John Rowan at the Santa Fe depot, 25 minutes after a telephone message was received from Husted requesting his arrest. Morgan confessed to the theft of a revolver, suit of clothes and an overcoat from William Walker.

It took Detective Rowan only 20 minutes to recover an expensive lamp which was stolen from the automobile of Dr. J. F. McConnell, 708 North Tejon street, at 8 o'clock last night. The lamp was taken by a messenger boy, whose name was withheld pending further investigation. The boy was not arrested.

John Jenkins, accused by his son of securing money under false pretenses, was arrested by Sergeant C. S. Railsback last night at the Santa Fe depot while traveling en route from Cripple Creek to Butte, Mont. Father and son both live in Cripple Creek, where the elder Jenkins will be taken today. The details of the affair are not known by the local police.

SKELETON OF INDIAN FOUND

Laborer Unearths Almost Perfect Specimen at Charter Oak Ranch Near Fountain.

An almost perfect specimen of a skelton of an Indian was found last Thursday at the Charter Oak ranch, about four miles west of Fountain. W. P. Woodside, county surveyor, who has been surveying reservoir sites in that section related the facts of the discovery when he returned from the ranch last night.

According to M. Woodside, the skeleton was uncovered about three feet from the surface, by a teamster in the employ of Contractor John Corbin, who is excavating on one of the reservoir sites. The skeleton now lies at the Charter Oak ranch house and will probably be shipped either to the state museum in Denver or to the Boston Historical society in Boston, Mass.

Personal Mention

A. Granville Tait, of Edinburgh, Scotland, is a guest at the Alamo.

John B. Ekeley and William Duane, professors of the University of Colorado, and their wives, visitors in this city yesterday, are stopping at the Alamo hotel.

FUNERAL.—The funeral of Mrs. Anna Ormsby, who died at 536 East High street, Saturday morning, will be held from St. Mary's church at 9 o'clock this morning. Interment will be in Evergreen cemetery.

MONTHLY MEETING.—The regular monthly meeting of the board of directors of the Colorado Springs Y. M. C. A. will be held this evening at 6:30 o'clock. Dinner will be followed by the transaction of routine business and the reading of officers' reports.

VOLLEYBALL TONIGHT.—Two volleyball matches will be played at the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium this evening at 8 o'clock. The games are given by the Business Men's Volleyball league and are open to both men and women, with no charge for admission.

TRATE IT!

Cough yourself into a fit of spasms and then wonder why you don't get well. If you will only try a bottle of Ballard's Horehound Syrup your cough will be a thing of the past. It is a positive cure for Coughs, Influenza, Bronchitis and all Pulmonary diseases. One bottle will convince you—at your druggist. 25c, 50c, $1.00. Sold by the Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

NOTED TURFMAN DEAD

Captain "Billy" Williamson Dies in New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 9.—Captain "Billy" Williamson, the famous aged turfman, died at the St. Charles hotel at 8 o'clock tonight.

Captain Williamson was successively a clerk in the California legislature, a major in the Walker expedition to Nicaragua, and a staff officer of the Confederate army with the rank of captain. He was one of the aides of Gen. Jones M. Withers, at the battle of Shiloh.

After the close of the Civil war, Captain Williamson began his active turf career. He owned several race horses which attained a national reputation. He was noted for placing big bets, and although generally prosperous, old turf men remember times when he was reduced almost to penury.

Captain Williamson was born in Richmond, Va., and was about 84 years old.

UNITED STATES BEHIND

ENGLAND LEADS IN TRADE WITH SOUTH AMERICA.

Lack of Direct Steamship Communication Deplored—Annual Report of Maj. John M. Carson.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—The results of the first year's efforts of the government directly to promote American export trade in manufactured goods or portrayed in the annual report of Major John M. Carson, chief of the bureau of manufactures in the department of commerce and labor. The bureau has furnished American manufacturers and merchants with names of persons throughout the world engaged in the sale of imported merchandise.

The report says in part:

"The cotton piece-goods trade of China is large and constantly growing. The exports of cotton clothes from Great Britain to China alone for 1905 were greater than those of the United States to all countries for that period."

"The entire value of shipments of cotton piece goods from the United States to South America for the past fiscal year was $3,244,567, while the shipments of Great Britain for the six months ended June 30 last were valued at nearly $18,000,000, and for 10 months ended October, 1906, nearly $32,000,000. To Argentina alone Great Britain in the six months ended with June, 1906, sold about $7,000,000 worth of cotton piece-goods, or twice as much as the United States sold for the entire past fiscal year to all South America.

"The entire trade of the United States with South American countries for the fiscal year was $140,422,876 in imports and $75,159,781 in exports, a total of $215,600,000. The present commerce of all South America is placed approximately at $550,000,000 in imports, and $750,000,000 in exports.

England Dominates.

"England dominates in the commerce of South America, followed by Germany. Neglect of the South American markets by American manufacturers and merchants, lack of direct steamship communication, and absence of banking facilities are contributory causes to this condition, and until these are overcome the trade of the United States with the countries of South America will continue to be relatively of slow growth.

"Of the annual products of manufactures, $750,000,000 worth was exported the last fiscal year. The value of farm products exported that year, excluding those of the forests, the mines and the fisheries, was $822,600,000. Butter, cheese, lard, tallow, wheat, flour, corn and oatmeal and dried fruits, aggregating $146,000,000, are included in exports of manufactures."

The report says an increase of nearly 30 per cent in the value of manufactured products in the last five years is a forceful reminder of the urgent necessity for immediate and organized effort to find foreign markets for an output which already in many lines of industry largely exceeds home demands and is in itself an urgent appeal for the fostering care of congress.

Personal Representatives.

The report urges American business men to send to foreign fields personal representatives specially trained for the service to remain permanently in the country and to establish and maintain agencies and branches. The agents should speak the language of the country to which assigned, should have thorough and practical knowledge of the interests they are to represent, and should be clothed with full authority to act for their principals.

MRS. GROVER TRIES SUICIDE

Believed to Be Woman Who Was Requested to Leave White House.

NEW YORK, Dec. 9.—Lulu B. Grover, 45 years of age, and who describes herself as a magazine writer, was removed to a hospital tonight suffering from chloroform poisoning. Her condition was said to be critical.

There is some doubt as to the identity of the woman who, for a month past, has occupied an apartment on Lexington avenue. The police believe her to be the "Mrs. Grover," who just prior to the Roosevelt-Longworth wedding, was asked to leave the White house and who later attempted to see the president at Oyster Bay.

FOSTER NOW IN SALT LAKE

Heard of Action Taken Against Him and Returned at Once.

SALT LAKE City, Dec. 9.—Wm. D. Foster, private secretary to Robert Forrester, who was indicted last Friday on the charge of conspiracy to obtain coal land from the government by fraud, returned to the city tonight from Davis county, and sent word to the federal authorities that he would appear, accept service of the warrant and give bond tomorrow. He said that he was in Davis county when he heard of the action taken against him, and came home at once. Mr. Forrester, geologist for the Utah Fuel company, will now be the only man indicted upon whom service has not been obtained. The officers and also his friends and associates declare that they do not know where he is.

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The Kind You Have Always Bought
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Hats in the very latest styles.

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Rocker like cut only $3.25.

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No. 12.	10:15 A. M.	12:30 Noon.
No. 2.	2:05 P. M.	4:20 P. M.
No. 10.	3:25 P. M.	6:00 P. M.
No. 14.	6:15 P. M.	8:30 P. M.
No. 4.	7:20 P. M.	9:45 P. M.

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Leave Denver.		Arr. Colo. Springs.
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No. 1.	9:30 A. M.	12:05 Noon.
No. 9.	1:30 P. M.	4:05 P. M.
No. 11.	4:00 P. M.	6:15 P. M.
No. 7.	7:00 P. M.	9:30 P. M.
No. 3.	8:00 P. M.	10:37 P. M.
No. 15.	9:40 P. M.	12:05 Night.

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CLARENCE P. DODGE, President.
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The Gazette is the only newspaper in Colorado Springs which receives the full report of the Associated Press every day of the week.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1906.

CONGRESS AND SIMPLIFIED SPELLING.

A FEW days ago one of the appropriations committees of the House inserted in the bill under its care a proviso that "simplified spelling" shall not be used in documents published by order of Congress; so now there is to be confusion a-plenty in the Government Printing Office. All documents printed by authority of the President, and, we believe, all those coming from the various departments, will contain the spelling recommended by the Carnegie board. But Congress will have none of it. No doubt there are scores or hundreds of members of that body who honestly prefer the old way of spelling, senseless as it is. If the question were put to a vote perhaps a large majority would express that preference. But we can't help thinking that in this case the motive is partly a desire to "get even" with the President for his precipitate way of trying to achieve so many of his ends by executive order.

It has always seemed to us that a good deal more fuss has been made over the simplified spelling order than the occasion warranted. When one examines the list of 300 words recommended by the board and adopted by Mr. Roosevelt it is seen that there are comparatively few real innovations. A great many of the forms have had the sanction of good usage for many years, such as "theater" and "center." One or two—such as "jail" instead of "gaol," are so common that it is hard to see why the board included them in its list.

The word that seems to have most excited the ire of the spelling stand patters is "thru." The other day the New York Mail printed the President's message with the "simplified" spellings, and the next day apologized for it in an editorial from which we quote:

"Thru" appeared in the Evening Mail's orthography yesterday for the first and, we devoutly hope, the last time. In deference to President Roosevelt the word was spelled in his message as he prefers to have it.

"Through" never was and never will be pronounced "thru," except by a vulgar and indefensible confusion of "u" with "oo." That confusion is the survival of a New England provincialism. Outside of New York, where a neighbor's sin is sadly prevalent, it is only in the states settled by New Englanders that this orthoepical crime is committed. It is an injustice to the great majority of native-born citizens to speak of it as an "Americanism." The mass of even uneducated Americans give the "u" its due, not its "doo."

"Thru" is a mystification to millions of people in the United States as well as to every subject of Great Britain. It is impossible for them to conceive of any etymological eccentricity absurd enough to demand a phonetic "thru." To those better acquainted with the prevalence of the vulgarism, the objectionable combination of letters is not only a needless obstacle in the way of real spelling reform, it is a sanctioning of one of the worst of the verbal sins which the newly formed Society for the Study of Spoken English was organized to remedy.

"Thru" is not simplified spelling. It is simply an offense to good taste and an affront to the English language.

Granting, as the Mail contends, that the spelling "thru" conveys a wrong idea of the word's pronunciation—we must at least admit that it is no worse than the old form. Could anything be more utterly senseless or convey a less definite idea of the word's pronunciation than "through"? Professor Brander Mathews and his associates may not have succeeded in spelling the word phonetically, but they at least shortened it and made it more nearly phonetic than it was before their assault.

Still, "thru" is a somewhat radical innovation, and perhaps it would have been better if the board of simplifiers had omitted it from their first list, saving it until a future time when the public is a little more accustomed to readjustments in our orthography.

At any rate, our sympathy goes out to the poor bewildered proofreaders in the Government Printing Office in this, the hour of their misery. If it comes from Congress it must be spelled "through;" if from the President or any of his department heads it must be "thru." The hole bizness iz mitey tuff.

It seems a pity that the private correspondence between the President and the Storers should have been given out for publication. We can not see what good can come of it, although sometimes publicity is a good thing, even in such cases. If all the letters are published, now that some of them have appeared, we may be able to judge, everybody for himself, whether the President had encouraged Mrs. Storer to make advances to the Vatican for the elevation of Archbishop Ireland to be a Cardinal. She intimates that he did, and that he [illegible] angry only because the affair was found out, [illegible] he had wanted it to be kept quiet. He is not in the habit of keeping things quiet, to be sure, [illegible] Mrs. Storer has been in the habit of managing things in the diplomatic world for some [illegible], so that the presumption is rather in the [illegible]'s favor. Several cases are recorded in [illegible] in which a woman has had a religious de[illegible] and a talent for diplomacy, and by working [illegible] two together has overdone it. It seems at [illegible] possible that that is what occurred in this [illegible]

[illegible] appropriation bills at Washington this [illegible] are going to conflict with each other [illegible], and much time will be taken up in the [illegible] to adjust the claims of the various committees. There was a public building bill passed at the [illegible], so chairmen of other committees think there should be none this time; and it is probable there will not be, though some single appropriations for special buildings may be put through. The great fight will be on the Navy. The chairman of the Committee on Rivers and Harbors, Mr. Burton of Ohio, has announced that he proposes to try to reduce the appropriation for the Navy, so as to get more for the purposes of his committee. The Naval committee will doubtless resent such a performance, and they will have the backing of the President, to a certainty. There is nothing too good for the Navy, in his estimation, and a great many of us think he is right, and that it is better economy to spend money on a good Navy that will insure peace, than to dump so much as sometimes has been dumped into internal waterways that are of little practical value. However, it would seem that there should be money enough for both the Navy and for meritorious projects of internal improvement. There are other committees, of course, [illegible] combinations formed. In fact, the process that used to be known as log-rolling, will be carried on very actively. That is one reason there will not be time for any new legislation at this session.

If ever a conviction of murder was justified on circumstantial evidence, it was that of Chester Gillette. It is too bad the sentence can not be carried out quickly. The yellow papers are making the most out of the case, and are unutterably disgusting. The Denver Post started it, by "discovering" Chester's mother in Denver, and interviewing her and taking her out in the Post automobile, and having her eat a Post dinner, and some more rot like that; and now it is said that Hearst has chartered the woman on a salary to write special articles for his papers. This is about the limit, even of Hearstness.

Nowhere in the world but in this country could such an institution exist as the Gridiron Club. Imagine the Emperor of Germany sitting down to an entertainment at which he and his policy were satirized unmercifully, and laughing as hard as anybody and really enjoying the affair! The King of England is a pretty good fellow, but we imagine even he would stick at a proposition like that. It shows how essentially democratic we still are, notwithstanding a few occasional flubdubs and furbelows.

The Honorable Jim Burns and his followers have at last succeeded in firing Jones, Doyle and Starrett from the Democratic Club. Our congratulations to Jones, Doyle and Starrett. As for the club—well, the presence of these three men has thus far been about the only bit of saving grace it possessed. But perhaps the vast riches which Mr. Burns says are behind it will be able to inject a new element of respectability.

Miss Mary Hayden is said to be on the verge of planting a colony in Texas for women only. Somewhat inconsistently, she is reported to have said that maybe some of the women might have their husbands with them. She may find that she will need a few husbands around, if only to take care of the children while the women do the other work.

Colorado Comment

AS GOOD AS GOLD.

From the Mining Record.

What is the matter with putting the purse for the next Nevada prize fight a few shares of Mohawk?

A WORD FOR HERSELF.

From the Logan County Advocate.

A Massachusetts woman leader asks for a law prohibiting widows—Dakota or cemetery—from marrying again. Such a law might give the unfortunate old maids a better chance to secure specimens for use.

NEW ROAD.

From the Lake City Times.

Every interest will be favorably affected by the building of a railroad from Lake City to Rose's Cabin. It will increase team work, make demand for many more workmen in all lines of mining enterprises, add to the value of all property along Henson creek, quadruple railway tonnage and vastly improve incoming business.

AGRICULTURAL PROSPERITY.

From the Grand Junction Sentinel.

Can you get that well digested in your mind? One hundred (100) farmers have left Palisade already to spend the winter in California. Talk about a Vanderbilt and Rockefellers, we have farmers who enjoy the luxuries of winter resorts. May there be many more another year, although we should prefer to have them remain at home.

TAKING CHANCES.

From the Lake City Times.

The man who gets out and digs one ton of ore to ship is of more benefit to a community than a dozen men who look askance at any proposition calling for the expenditure of a few dollars in trying out a promising prospect, yet are ever ready to advise how it ought to be done. Likewise, the man who "takes chances" is the one to whom all credit is due for the prosperity enjoyed by any mining camp, for, tradition to the contrary notwithstanding, the chance, not chance, is what makes every mine.

Near to Nature

HEARST IMITATION IN KANSAS.

From the Eldorado (Kan.) Republican.

When the ballots are counted and the result declared, we have nothing to say, no further remarks to make. And now that we are to have no elections for two years, we expect to continue to be actively engaged in the pleasurable duty of printing a newspaper. Now is the time to subscribe.

ANOTHER TRUST.

Hilton (Mo.) Cor. Maysfield Journal.

Mrs. Watkins, who used to teach school in the Fourth district, has given it up and expects to go to housekeeping soon. She was a splendid teacher and all hereabouts regret having her give up the school. Frank Olsen, who has been one of our most respected citizens for the last few months, also expects to leave town and settle in Wildwood, where he says chances are better for him. We hope he will do well; also Mrs. Watkins.

COMMENT BY A BACHELOR.

From the Newberry (S. C.) Observer.

A number of young folks enjoyed a very pleasant howling party Monday evening last at the Tourist hotel.—Georgetown Outlook. We have attended several "howling" parties in our time, at hotels and other places, but never imagined there could be anything "pleasant" about them. This must have been somewhat different from the other kind, for we notice among "those present" and participating the names of a number of "Misses" and "Messrs." In the old-time "howling" party the participants were quite young.

Open Parliament

SOUTHERNERS AND NEGROES.

To the Editor of The Gazette:

I am a reader of your paper and am sorry to know that the fair state of Colorado has in it a man as ignorant and pusillanimous as the gentleman who claims to have been a railway conductor, who wrote a letter under the heading of "Open Parliament" in your paper of December 5. The subject was "Southerners and Negroes."

In the first place, there have been innocent, law-abiding, intelligent negroes of the south lynched. I will only name one or two instances, just to remind the good people of Colorado, that they have a professional liar in their midst. There was Postmaster Bakes of South Carolina, appointed by President McKinley. Old Preacher Lige Strickland of Alabama, and eighteen negroes were shot down in cold blood in the state of Arkansas, in Gourdon county, for working on the railroad. [illegible] they would not allow a negro to live in that county and killed eighteen of them for working for the railroad; and as far as the virginity of the south, I do not believe this so-called conductor has the least possible knowledge of any.

I am a Pullman porter and have been for sixteen years, and all of my services have been in the south. If this conductor is so sympathetic for the morals of the south, how and why is it that he does not say something about the 250,000 mulatto children being born in the south every twelve months? No, he is like all of his kind. So long as a white man rapes a negro woman it is no crime. The truth of the matter is that the white man of the south is only reaping that which he sows.

JAMES HEATH.

Florence, Colo., December 9.

Press Opinions

CONSUMERS COMBINING.

From the New York Mail.

These are the days when consumers organize. They are organizing against high rents in one east side district and against dear meat all over the east side. Soon there may be an organized movement against dear milk and eggs. Both of these food staples have recently been marked up.

With everybody else combining, it is proper and salutary that there should be concerted action among those whose daily demands keep the milk trains and packing houses going. It was shown two summers ago that a meat boycott could bring down prices. One of the anti-high rent crusades two years ago was effectual. The British have just killed a soap combination by a moral boycott.

There are alternatives to all foods—to meat, to eggs and even in a degree to milk. More fish and vegetables may be used when the prices of meats seem unduly high. People vary their diet from season to season to meet the abundance or scarcity due to nature. They can and should do the same things, and if by combination so much the better, to meet prices made artificially high.

PASSING OF THE DESERTS.

From the Boston Transcript.

Before long there will be left but few regions of mystery in which imagination can travel. The great deserts are being explored, mapped and described. The "Great American Desert" has disappeared from the geography books, and the French are rapidly opening up the Sahara. For several years past they have sent exploring expeditions into it which have worked respectively with Algeria and the Niger as bases. In the course of last summer a camel corps, commanded by Col. Laperrine, after great hardships penetrated to the salt mines of Taodeni, "where they found negroes at work quarrying the salt, which is spread all over the regions of Nigeria as a marketable product." This salt region ought to furnish a good deal of freight to the Sahara railroad system which the French expect to piece together connecting Algeria with the Niger. The rail head of the line southward from Oran is now at Figig, at no great distance from the oasis of Twat. From Twat to Timbuktu is about seven hundred miles, and this is the great work for which the French are surveying. The entire system from Algiers to Timbuktu will have a length of one thousand miles. When it is opened it will be an easy journey from Paris to Timbuktu. The latter city was long one of the world's mystery places, the first European to visit it getting there, in disguise, in 1826. Twelve years ago a dashing French commander in a light-draught gunboat appeared off Timbuktu and the veil of mystery was rent forever. Now the "sacred city" is but a French colonial administrative center.

CONGRESS READY FOR WORK.

From the Philadelphia Inquirer.

Congress has assembled without the slightest friction and is in good shape to plunge right into work.

There are a few things that ought to be done. One is to push the Panama canal, which, it is understood, is to be made the subject of a special message written out of the knowledge gained by the president in his recent trip and illustrated by photographs. Another is to continue to increase the navy. A third is the passage of the ship subsidy bill, which is designed principally to open up commerce with South America, a vast field which is being exploited by European countries. The currency question is another which should receive consideration and definite action. It is not unlikely, too, that congress may be called upon to strengthen the hands of the government in cases such as the one in San Francisco, where a feud between the white population and the Japanese is growing somewhat bitter.

The price of peace is to be prepared for war. That is a doctrine which The Inquirer has consistently preached, and it has persistently urged that as an aid to the navy the canal should be constructed at the earliest possible hour. We have two coast lines to protect and we border upon two great oceans. The trip around Cape Horn is too long for comfort when hostilities are threatened. The canal will annihilate distance.

We look to congress to follow the lead of the president and to hasten canal building.

OUR FRIENDS THE JAPANESE.

From the Philadelphia Public Ledger.

The concern which the French papers are manifesting in the supposed friction between Japan and the United States is not wholly disinterested. The French have never been kindly disposed toward the enemies of their friends, the Russians, and the exposure of their own possessions in Indo-China to Japanese aggression makes this antagonistic feeling decidedly acute. They would be very well pleased, therefore, to encourage other antagonisms toward Japan. The wildest French writer knows that the idea of war growing out of the San Francisco school case is preposterous.

Whatever rights are guaranteed by treaty to the Japanese in America are entirely secure. If the federal courts should hold that these rights include that of education at the public schools, which is questionable, some way will be found to meet the difficulties arising from local prejudice. It is hard to see, however, how the particular demand of the Japanese to attend the same schools with white children could be enforced, even if it were granted as a "treaty right." Rights of property and personal security can be secured by force, if need be; rights of social equality not all the powers of the United States could make secure.

The question that has arisen on the Pacific coast is not serious because the two nations are likely to go to war about it. It is serious because there appears no likelihood of its being settled in any way that will not leave the Japanese in a bad humor, and thus increase the liability of friction upon the many other questions that are sure to arise between the countries in relation to commerce and immigration, and particularly as concerns our interests in the Pacific. For this reason it is most important that the diplomatic aspects of the present dispute shall be handled with the utmost discretion, and also that the matter shall not be complicated by intemperate or ill-informed discussion.

SOME ODD JOBS OF PHOTOGRAPHERS

Pictures Taken as Proof of Another's Guilt.

From the New York Press.

THE modern photographer has queer jobs to perform sometimes. Time was when a photographer was simply a man who sat in his "gallery" and waited for people to come and have their pictures taken; but now the age is one of specialization, and the "assignment" photographer is one of the products of the times.

[illegible] evidence in divorce cases furnishes a good source of revenue to some photographers. A Wall Street man once came upon a letter addressed to his wife written in language whose warmth could scarcely be misunderstood and signed with another man's name. He took the letter to a photographer, who reproduced the pages with the writing distinctly showing. The husband then replaced the letter in exactly the position that he found it, but said nothing to his wife. He bided his time and brought suit for divorce. The wife was defiant until the husband produced the photograph of the damaging note.

"Taking" Love Letters.

A woman recently had a photographer "take" 200 love letters. When the job was finished she bought the negatives from which the prints had been made and destroyed them in the photographer's presence. The photographer asked no questions. "It was none of my business," he said. "But I am pretty sure she was the woman to whom the letters were addressed. Probably she agreed to give them up for a stipulated amount, but before she handed them over had them copied for future use. Imagine the feelings of the poor man, after comforting himself with the thought that now there is no black and white which can be used against him, to be confronted with the reproductions of his passionate pennings, and to be forced to realize that the woman he had grown tired of had a hold on him yet."

Photographs which are to be used as evidence of injuries in damage suits are comparatively common. A photographer's wife and small daughter were crossing Broadway once when they were knocked down by a post-office cart, which had been struck by a street car. They were not seriously hurt, but they had been thrown down in the mud, and the summer dresses which they were wearing were ruined. The husband's studio was near by and they hurried thither as the nearest place of refuge. As soon as the circumstance was explained the husband and father posed them in such a manner as would show up the mud with which they were plastered to the best advantage. The photographs were then presented to the street railway company, which readily accepted them as evidence of damage and liberally paid for the dresses ruined.

Queer Fads of Society Women.

Society women are the best source for queer and unusual photographs. Several of them are quite fond of having their collections of jewels taken. A woman once called upon a New York photographer to have her portrait taken. To his amazement, when she lifted her veil he saw that her face was covered with spots and scars. He rather wondered at her desire to have pictured such a face as this, until he learned that her photo was to be used as evidence in a suit against a beauty specialist who had treated her.

Some society women are fond of having their more prominent charms photographed. Requests for pictures of their hands are quite common, and one woman had a photo taken of her bare feet, of which she was very proud. Society women who are proud of the shapeliness of their limbs are occasional customers. Photos of the foot and leg, encased in silk stocking, are sometimes ordered. There are well-known society women, too, who are quite fond of posing in classical but scant costumes.

One of the hardest jobs he ever had, according to one camera expert, was given him by a society matron of more than ample proportions, who wanted a photograph of herself made for her son, who was out west, and had not seen her for some years. She particularly insisted that her adipose figure should be trimmed down to graceful, girlish lines and that her face should be represented without a wrinkle. It gave the photographer several days of hard work in retouching, but at last he succeeded in making the picture present a svelte, lithe creature without a semblance to the original. But the plethoric old dame was immensely pleased and went away secure in the belief that her son would be, too.

According to report, one of the finest pieces of retouching which has been done on a photograph lately was on the portrait of Ada Rehan. Several hours were consumed in eliminating all the lines and wrinkles from the distinguished actress' face.

A Picture of Reconciliation.

Two brothers sent to a photographer a few weeks ago to come "take" them as they shook hands over their father's grave. As they ordered the finished prints to be forwarded to their mother, it is supposed that they were sent to her as a sign of a reconciliation after a fraternal quarrel.

On one occasion a well-known photographer received a hurry call to go to a Fifth avenue house. On arriving he was told to conceal himself behind a stoop on the opposite side of the street and take a snap shot of a certain man, whose description was given him, just as he entered the house. He was successful in carrying out his orders and was well paid, but he has no idea how the picture was to be used.

Sometimes an order that a camera man gets suggests a whole life story. One photographer tells a story of being sent for to go to a certain man's home. On reaching his room he found a theatrical costumer busily engaged in "making up" his customer to represent Lear. The transformation completed, "Lear" had himself photographed six times in his own garden, and ordered the finished prints to be sent to an address in another town. Half an hour after the photographer had returned to his office he learned that his customer had just committed suicide.

THE REAL MRS. RUSSELL SAGE

Essentially a Home Woman, She Lives Life of Public Woman.

Mrs. Russell Sage is a Puritan and a school teacher—a steadfast New Englander by inheritance and desire, says Arthur Huntington Gleason in the World's Work. And never for a moment does she lose her balance or her sense of humor.

Objecting to men smoking in the presence of women, she went to the Mayflower dinner (the Mayflower association being one that she has notably furthered), protested against the smoking, and withdrew in entire good humor when her protest was overruled. Her unblurred viewpoint, the unbroken consistency of a simple faith and practice, is delightful in a flighty and erratic society.

She has been as earnest and humorous, living at the center of $60,000,000, as when she taught school in Philadelphia. Not in any sense a public woman, emphatically a home woman, she has been forced into prominence. Always the exponent of common sense, her expenditures are sensible. She has never been tied up to New Thought or to fake causes. To the Emma Willard seminary, on its fiftieth anniversary, she said: "Then to you, young ladies, I commend from my own experience of life the cultivation of manners and sound common sense. Character is a perfectly educated will."

Her rooms look like the city room of a newspaper. They are the abode of a worker—full of letters, pamphlets, newspapers and magazines. There is also a filing system for letters, and drawers for newspaper clippings on woman suffrage, Mrs. Clarence Mackay's experiments in school work at Roslyn, the will of Mrs. Emma Schley (who left a great fortune in part to faithful servitors and to hospitals), journal editorials, and the triumphal progress of Miss Helen Gould.

All her life she has been hard at work studying the problems of practical education and of woman's amelioration. Every day has seen a round of duties, writing letters, attending committees, studying the needs of a hospital, receiving callers who had definite objects, and then giving Mr. Sage a welcome home. Situated in the rarefied stratum of women of wealth and social position, two traits give her distinction; her excellent mental endowment and her democracy. Her compelling sense of equality—that is the noblest element in her make-up. She will criticise a servant for a mistake or a coachman for a delinquency in precisely the way that a city editor "calls down" one of his staff. It is masterful, complete, and it leaves no resentment. She has done it in a big, striding way. She hasn't been patronizing him.

THE YANKEE IN GERMAN EYES.

From the Berlin Die Woche.

The yankees are a joyous people. They are before everything optimists. Why should they not be? They dwell in a spacious land full of the treasures of the earth. They are not overladen with knowledge but learn for practice, and during the greater part of a year a blue heaven stretches over them. For all those reasons the yankees may well laugh. The Americans are, moreover, born humorists.

WHAT LIFE MEANS.

From the Chicago Record-Herald.

One of the magazines is conducting a department in which it publishes confessions under the head of "What Life Means to Me." Ella Wheeler Wilcox contributes this declaration of what life means to her: "Exhilaration, anticipation, realization." A good many of us have intermittent exhilaration, sporadic anticipation and pretty constant mortification over our inability to make ends meet.

COMFORTS ON THE FARM.

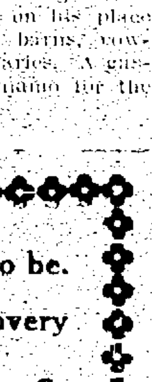
From the Kansas City Journal.

In the last few years the farmers of Brown county have fitted up their country homes with nearly every convenience, such as bath and toilet rooms, telephones and furnaces. With mail delivery every day and good roads, they are even more comfortably situated than their city brothers. John Teddy, a farmer living near Robinson, has gone them all one better by installing a complete electric light plant on his place which lights his house, barns, cowsheds, corncribs and granaries. A gasoline engine runs the dynamo for the plant.

Consumption is less deadly than it used to be.

Certain relief and usually complete recovery will result from the following treatment:

Hope, rest, fresh air, and—*Scott's Emulsion.*



ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

THE MAGAZINE POETESS.

William F. Kirk in the New York American.

Out in the littered kitchen, scolding a peevish child,
Feeding another a pretzel, Mrs. Maloney smiled;
Mrs. Michael Maloney, the wife of a teamster man,
Held by a lifelong contract to wrestle with pot and pan,
Swift o'er the wrapping paper flies stub of a pencil then—
This is the magazine message she aimed at the heart of you:

To My King

When first you came into my barren life
With golden glory shining from your eyes,
I straight divined that Aidenn was my prize—
Or Arcady, where souls with bliss are rife;
O heavenly pain, that cuttest like a knife!
How floated my young heart to Paradise
On that great wave no woman may know twice!
A noble prince had claimed me for his wife.

The joys and sorrows of my childhood hours—
The girlish gropings for Love's inner soul,
What time I wandered plucking dew-drenched flowers—
Have vanished, now that I am at my goal.
O sweeter than the sweetest Samian wine,
I strain thee to my bosom, King of mine!

ELSA DE VERE.

WOMAN CAR CONDUCTORS

Their Employment in Chilean Town. Attend Well to Their Work.

From the Los Angeles Times.

The most remarkable feature of the Valparaiso street car system is its conductors; they are women. The sex is also employed in like capacity in Santiago and all the other cities of Chile that have horse or electric trams. This practice sprang into being at the time of the revolution of 1891, when men and money were scarce and women plentiful. Having apparently given satisfaction to their employers during the intervening years, they are still retained.

The first woman conductors were said to have been young and pretty and to have been dressed in natty uniforms. Tradition even goes further and says that at that time youth and good looks were a part of the "entrance requirements." In the light of the present this seems hard to believe. It is also recorded that after a while the natty uniforms were dropped, and it is just possible that the apocryphal "youth and beauty" clause was stricken out at the same time.

Today, judging from what I have seen in a somewhat painstaking survey of the situation, I would say that the possession of youth and beauty, far from being a requirement, was now the means of earning a flat disqualification. The customary dress of a lady tram conductor of today is a broad-brimmed slouch hat, a short jacket with the sleeves turned back an inch or two, and a short black skirt, always hanging with a heavy port or starboard list.

They are neither flirtatious nor prudish, and no scandals are heard about them. To a foreigner, it is an interesting sight to observe the street car girl, to note how capably she manages her car, and the quiet, business-like way in which she goes through the routine of collecting fares, giving change, discharging passengers, and seeing that the rule regarding the number admitted is not broken.

SHE CAN STILL HUSK CORN AT 91

Noblesville Cor. Indianapolis News.

Mrs. Laura Ann Owen, while celebrating her ninety-first birthday anniversary, arose from the dinner in her honor and spoke of being in unusually good health for one so far advanced in years. She said she believed she had the strength to do the work which she performed daily fifty years ago.

Some of her relatives questioned her ability to do this, which made Mrs. Owen anxious to prove that she had not yet outlived her usefulness. Throwing a shawl over her head and shoulders and donning a pair of gloves, Mrs. Owen went to the farm and husked a row of corn around the a 20-acre field without stopping to rest. She accomplished the feat in only a little longer time than an active man would have done the work, and she did not seem to be much fatigued.

FRIED OYSTERS.

A plate of pickle, another of slaw,
A bottle of catsup, too;
A jar of crackers, some horseradish, raw—
Now, when the oysters are through
Fried to a turn, don't frizzle or burn,
Bring the hot biscuit and go.
If I want on this earth more to add to my mirth
I'll call and let you know.

—Baltimore Sun.

THE SIMPLE LIFE.

From Vanity Fair.

The remnant of us who still lunch and dine is diminishing. The other night at one of the fashionable restaurants a [illegible] belle was observed by her distressed host to be refusing everything, from "homard a l'Americaine" to "peches Melba." At last he hospitably entreated her to say if there was anything she could fancy, when she firmly asked for a little bread and milk.

A RECIPE FOR SANITY.

Are you worsted in a fight?
Laugh it off.
Are you cheated of your right?
Laugh it off.
Don't make tragedy of trifles—
Don't shoot butterflies with rifles—
Laugh it off.

Does your work get into kinks?
Laugh it off.
Are you near all sorts of brinks?
Laugh it off.
If it's beauty you're after,
There's no recipe like laughter—
Laugh it off.

—Pueblo Chieftain.

NewspaperARCHIVE®
NewspaperARCHIVE®

Beautiful Neckties!

This year. That's what all the ladies say who have seen our showing of men's neckwear for this Christmas.

Nothing pleases us more than to be complimented on our selection of neckwear for that's our hobby and we have the reputation among men of showing the most exclusive kind at popular prices.

Ladies, where he buys his ties is a good place for you to buy his Christmas ties, if you are anxious that he will be pleased and wear them.

Our selections this season have been made from more than a dozen of the most exclusive lines. Come in and let us show you some rich and tasteful styles at 50c and upward.

Holbrook & Perkins

C. FARNSWORTH DIES

WELL-KNOWN MINING MAN PASSES AWAY.

Had Been in Close Touch With Business Interests of This City for Thirteen Years.

Charles Farnsworth, a well-known mining man of this city, died at the residence of his mother, Mrs. H. P. Farnsworth, 22 West Dale street, last night at 9:30 o'clock, after a long illness. He is survived by a widow, mother, and four children. Funeral arrangements have not been completed.

Mr. Farnsworth was 39 years and 6 months old and was born in Norwich, Conn. He graduated from Brown university, Providence, R. I., in 1889. Later he entered the Harvard law school. Being compelled to give up his college work on account of ill health, Mr. Farnsworth came to Colorado Springs 13 years ago. He entered the mining brokerage business, the firm being known as Farnsworth & Anderson. Later he was forced to retire from this business on account of failing health, but has always remained in close touch with the business interests of Colorado Springs. At the time of his death he was a member of the firm of Caldwell & Farnsworth, which has been operating in the Nevada mining fields.

Mr. Farnsworth was well known in this city and a wide circle of friends will be shocked by the news of his death.

HOLDUP SUSPECTS ARRESTED

William Taylor and Pete Guy, Both Colored, Taken in Custody by Police.

William Taylor, colored, of 116 Oak street, alleged gambler and suspicious character, is thought by the police to be the lone highwayman who Saturday night held up W. W. Warner, a Roswell grocer, at the point of a revolver, and relieved him of $25 in cash and nine checks aggregating $100. Taylor is also suspected of being the holdup who on Friday night secured $30 and some valuable papers from Frank Pierson, a colored hotel porter, taking the property from Pierson shortly after the latter left an Institute street car on the east side.

Taylor was arrested at his home about 9:30 o'clock last night by Captain Edward Hoffman, Patrolman H. D. Harper and Detective John Rowan. Pete Guy, also colored, and a companion of Taylor, who is supposed to have abetted the latter in the Roswell holdup, was captured by the police and both men were taken to the city jail.

The two men were known to have been in Roswell Saturday night. They tell conflicting tales concerning their movements on that night, the time in one instance varying four hours in their respective statements.

Taylor is of short stature, and has a slight brown mustache, which closely corresponds with the description given of him by Warner Saturday night. The police purposely withheld Warner's description of the highwayman from publication, fearing to frighten Taylor from the city.

Pure food laws are good. Barnett's Vanilla is pure. Insist upon Barnett's.

TO ERECT BUILDING—Verner Z. Reed, of this city, and President J. P. Curry of the First National bank of Fort Morgan, both of whom are heavily interested in that institution, will shortly construct a brick and stone building in that town at a cost of $40,000. The structure, which will be occupied mainly by the First National bank, will be two stories in height.

MINISTERS' MEETING—At the regular weekly meeting of the Colorado Springs Ministerial association this morning at 10:30 o'clock at the Y. M. C. A., the Rev. E. E. Carrington will read a paper on "The Minister and Public Press." All members are requested to be present.

There's Poverty

In many coffees because of unscientific treatment of the berries before roasting, during roasting and after roasting.

Quality in the cup—that is, drinking quality—depends absolutely upon correct treatment; correct ripening of the green berry, correct roasting, correct blending.

A misstep taken at any stage of the treatment and poverty results—poverty in the drink.

We test every batch of our

Mexican Brand Coffee

before putting it on sale, and our test guarantees a drinking coffee—alway.

TRY IT. ITS GOOD.

35c the pound.

We serve coffee every Saturday afternoon and evening.

DERN Tea & Coffee Co
30 North Tejon street

DIETRICH EXONERATED

COMPLAINT OF IMPROPRIETY WHOLLY DISPROVEN.

No Foundation for Charges, Say the Trustees of Deaf and Blind School

Rumors of a charge of undue familiarity with his pupils affecting Professor Edwin Dietrich, instructor of violin music in the Colorado School for the Deaf and Blind, of Colorado Springs, which recently came to the notice of a few members of the board of trustees of that institution, led to an investigation by Trustees J. F. Humphrey, president of the board; Edwin J. Eaton and Mrs. M. S. McDonald, members of the board living in this city. The investigation resulted in a decision that there was absolutely no ground for complaint against Mr. Dietrich. No formal charges were preferred and the investigation was purely informal, as the entire board did not meet.

Mrs. Flagler D. Hayes, whose 17-year-old daughter, Miss Elma Hayes, has been a student at the institute for a number of years, and who two years ago was one of Professor Dietrich's violin pupils, is the complainant against Mr. Dietrich. The alleged offense is said to have been committed two years ago, yet Mrs. Hayes has at no time made any complaint to any person in authority, and it is said that at the beginning of the present school year she asked that her daughter be again placed under Professor Dietrich's instruction. Miss Hayes, according to her mother's story, said that she "was persistently annoyed two years ago by Professor Dietrich, until he was extremely distasteful to her," and that when he was again employed this year as violin instructor, she refused to take lessons from him. Despite this, it is said by persons in authority that Miss Hayes asked to continue her violin studies under Professor Dietrich's instruction, but was advised by the head of the musical department to confine her efforts to her other musical studies, as she was making poor progress with the violin.

When Mrs. Hayes asked that her daughter again be placed under the instruction of Mr. Dietrich, she was given the same advice, and at last decided to accept it and permit her daughter to discontinue the violin studies.

In speaking of Mrs. Hayes' negligence in bringing her complaint to the board or Superintendent Argo, Mr. Eaton, a member of that board, last night said:

"I wondered why she failed to report this matter for two years—even to report it at all to us or anyone in authority."

By many the matter is regarded as a piece of spite work, as Mrs. Hayes is said to have applied to Superintendent Argo some time ago for a position as nurse at the institute, the application being refused.

The investigation both by the officials at the institution and by the members of the board, failed to reveal any grounds for complaint against Professor Dietrich.

President J. F. Humphrey of the board of trustees, in speaking of the matter, said:

"We found absolutely no grounds for charges of any kind. The question, if taken into court, would have been dismissed at once. Taking the statements of the pupils as a basis, the case is entirely settled, and, so far as I know, there will be no further investigation.

"Should the board attempt to discharge Professor Dietrich, which is far from our intention, he would have good cause for a damage suit against the institution, so groundless are the charges as cause for his dismissal.

"The strongest charge against him was contained in the statement of Elma Hayes, who described his action of a year ago last spring. A. L. Behrer, head of the music department, declared that every action described by Miss Hayes was necessary in the instruction of blind pupils in violin playing. Furthermore, a Miss Jones, whose sight is not totally impaired, stated to the trustees that she had never seen any action by Professor Dietrich which was in the least improper.

"Miss Hayes when asked whether Dietrich had ever said anything out of the way, responded in the affirmative. When asked to quote his exact words, she hesitated and answered that she could not, giving us the impression that they were unfit for repetition. Anxious to get at the bottom of the matter, we insisted that she tell us exactly what Dietrich had said. Miss Hayes then informed us that at one time he had exclaimed, 'Damn.' On being asked whether he had ever spoken otherwise improperly, she answered in the negative."

Professor Dietrich declares that the accusation is entirely ridiculous. He is one of the best-known violin teachers in Colorado Springs and has for some time been employed as leader of the orchestra at the Empire theater.

EARL TO BED

and early to rise makes one healthy, happy and wise—especially if you take Herbine before retiring. A positive cure for Constipation, Dyspepsia and all liver complaints. Mrs. S—, Columbia, Tenn., writes: "I always keep a supply of your Herbine on hand. Am so pleased with the relief it gives in constipation and all liver complaints that words can't express my appreciation." Sold by the Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

Buffets in all the latest designs at

KANSAS VS. COLORADO

L. G. CARPENTER TALKS OF PENDING LITIGATION.

Case to Be Argued Before United States Supreme Court on December 17.

The Kansas-Colorado water suit will come up for final argument in Washington, before the United States supreme court, on Monday, December 17. All briefs in the case have been filed, and the testimony of from 200 to 300 witnesses in Colorado, Kansas and New Mexico has been taken, the matter now being concluded with the exception of argument of counsel.

Representing the state of Colorado are: Attorney General N. C. Miller and Attorneys J. F. Vaile, C. D. Hayt and C. C. Dawson. Attorney Platt Rogers represents the Amity canal, while Judge D. C. Beaman is acting for the Colorado Fuel and Iron company, both the latter corporations, together with numerous canal and other companies, being embraced as co-defendants in the suit.

For Kansas appears Attorney General C. C. Coleman, S. S. Ashbaugh, J. T. Loomis and F. Dumont Smith, while the government, which is intervenor in the suit, is represented by Solicitor General Hoyt and Attorneys F. D. Campbell and A. C. Campbell, assistants in the office of the attorney general.

It is estimated that the arguments on both sides will occupy four days, while the decision of the supreme court is expected in from two to four months.

Former State Engineer L. G. Carpenter, who was a witness for Colorado, proving invaluable in showing statistics favorable to this state, is in this city for a few days, and last night briefly outlined the status of the case. A general misunderstanding of the case prevails throughout the country as well as among the residents of Colorado and Kansas, according to Mr. Carpenter, few people knowing the actual merits of the question.

Carpenter Explains.

Mr. Carpenter said last night:

"The quarrel is not between the users of Kansas and Colorado ditches, as generally thought. The suit was started by people in the southeastern part of Kansas, who have no intention of using the water, at least at present, but simply want to have it run through their property on the ground that it is their right. This agitation was aided by the political ambition of certain attorneys, and the plaintiffs in the case now appear to be hedging.

"The case is based on a conflict between the old riparian rights, as originated in England, and the irrigation rights, as necessary to the growth and development of the entire western country. The government supports Colorado in its stand that irrigation is absolutely necessary, involving almost a question of life and death in the west, but affirms Kansas' contention that Colorado has not the exclusive right to the water. The supreme court, in a decision in another case, has acknowledged that western conditions do not apply to those in the east, in the matter, and hence may not hold the riparian law as valid in this instance. The riparian law provides that priority has precedence in the matter, and that all water taken from stream banks must be returned. This was enacted when water was used for navigation and power purposes only, and can not apply in cases of irrigation.

"Colorado's testimony went to show that the Kansas streams were shallow as early as 1806, before irrigation or other purposes diverted the Arkansas valley water, and, furthermore, that the water in the Arkansas valley in this state would never reach Kansas even if undiverted, owing to sinking, evaporation, etc. The memoirs of General Zebulon Pike, the discoverer of Pike's Peak, were produced, together with other memoirs, to prove that the Arkansas river in Kansas was shallow at early dates. Pike's memoirs going as far back as October 19, 1806. Living witnesses in Denver and other parts of this state, testified that as early as 1837, the Arkansas river in Kansas was dry.

In Conflict With Facts.

"Kansas witnesses thought that Colorado's irrigation dried the Kansas streams, a heavy rainfall in 1884 having temporarily swelled the waters of the river. The subsequent natural decline they thought due to this state. Their testimony, however, conflicted with the facts in the case, since their dates as to the drying of the waters do not correspond with the commencement of irrigation and canal operations in Colorado."

Mr. Carpenter is optimistic regarding the outcome of the case, and is confident that Colorado will win. He is here to confer with the city engineer and other officials in regard to several matters connected with the local water system. The Beaver creek litigation, wherein ranchmen of that locality have started suit to enjoin this city from using a certain percentage of the Beaver creek waters, was discussed, although nothing of importance was achieved. The case is pending, having been filed about a year ago.

No developments have occurred in the case of the alleged false specifications filed during his incumbency by former City Engineer E. W. Case, whereby the contractors who were building dam and reservoir No. 4 were given credit for more work and material in the concrete core than were furnished by them. No action will be taken by the city until the exact specifications of the core are secured, which will probably not be for many weeks.

WHAT'S

worth doing is worth doing well. If you wish to be cured of Rheumatism, use Ballard's Snow Liniment and you will be "well cured." A positive cure for Sprains, Neuralgia, Bruises, Contracted Muscles and all the ills that flesh is heir to. A. O. M. Williams, Navasota, Texas, writes:

"I have used Snow Liniment for sprained ankle and it gave the best of satisfaction. I always keep it in the house." Sold by the Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

Coal! Coal! Coal! Coal to burn. Coal

"THE BOOK OPENED"

MAHOOD ADDRESSES LARGE AUDIENCE OF MEN.

Dean Peck to Speak Next Sunday. Great Interest in Revivals at First M. E. Church.

The mass meeting of men in the Opera house yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock was attended by about 500 men. The speaker of the afternoon was Evangelist J. W. Mahood, who spoke on "The Book Opened." In response to an invitation for men who had resolved to lead a Christian life, to step forward, more than a score of men ascended the platform. The meeting was one of the most interesting ever held in the city. Music was furnished by Fink's orchestra.

The meeting opened at 3 o'clock with a prayer by the Rev. W. C. Wallace. Then followed an orchestra program with a song service, after which Mr. Mahood spoke. W. W. Williamson presided.

Next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock Dean Peck of Denver will address a similar meeting. He will preach on "Men's Traps," an address which he has given with great success at a number of large men's meetings throughout the east. Tickets may be secured without charge at the leading drug stores and barber shops in this city. Fink's orchestra will furnish music.

Great interest was shown in yesterday's revival services at the First M. E. church. At the morning service J. W. Mahood spoke on "The Light That Failed," from the text, "And Their Lamps Were Out." In order to accommodate the immense crowd the Sunday school rooms were opened and then a number of people were unable to get inside the church. At the evening service the building was again crowded. At this evening's meeting at 7:30 o'clock Dr. Mahood will preach on "What an Earthquake Did." He was in San Francisco during the recent earthquake, being in his room on the sixth floor of the St. Nicholas hotel at the time of the shock.

WILL NOT CONTEST ACTION

Doyle, Starrett and Jones Prefer to Go on Record as Not in Harmony With Democratic Club.

W. E. Doyle, C. L. Starrett and W. C. Jones, the three directors of the Democratic club who were expelled from that organization at a directors' meeting last Saturday night, will make no attempt to contest the action, according to a close friend of the three. According to their friends, the three men are satisfied to be placed on record by the Democratic club as decidedly not in harmony with the management and recent actions of that institution. None of the three expelled directors has been affiliated with the club for months, except in name, it is stated, and claim that the club is anything but Democratic in spirit.

Adherents of the Doyle faction claim that the by-laws of the club require a two-thirds vote of the entire directorate of 21 to expel a member, instead of two-thirds of those directors present at a meeting, as is the claim of the Burns faction. At Saturday's meeting, 12 out of 18 directors voted to expel the three minority members, whereas 14 directors, or two-thirds of the total directorate, are needed to legalize this action, according to the claim of the Doyle faction.

SPRINGS WOMAN ARRESTED

Dorothy A. Darling Charged With Passing Worthless Checks.

Dorothy A. Darling, said to be from this city, was arrested recently in Helena, Mont., charged with passing worthless checks. No information regarding her could be secured here last night.

Advices from Helena are to the effect that the prisoner, who some time ago was arrested on a similar charge, received assistance from President H. H. Behrens, of the Gillette, Ill., National bank, and that she has again wired for aid from the latter. Her influence with the Illinois banker is a mystery to the Montana officials.

It will be easy for a woman to keep her kitchen in order with one of the well-constructed Elwell cabinets, shown by Enterprise Furniture Co., 129 E. Huerfano street.

HOLIDAY BOXES, TAGS and SEALS

We have a complete line of the famous Dennison line of

HOLLY BOXES at 10, 15 and 20c

Holly Tags, per pkg.......10c
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And Christmas cards and post cards in great variety.

WHITNEY & GRIMWOOD

Great Sale of Dining Room Furniture!!!

With an excessive stock, too large to get on the floors of our big salesroom, we have decided to make a special sale to induce buyers to anticipate their needs in this line.

Can You Be Induced to Buy a Buffet?

If you have a place for one, now is certainly the time to buy, for two reasons:
1. Because the price can never be cheaper.
2. Because the variety is immense, there being in Buffets alone over 50 styles, ranging from $15 up.

In all departments our stock has never been so good, and we propose to make this Christmas sale unusual in the history of Colorado Springs.

ALL SORTS OF MORRIS CHAIRS, ranging from $4.25 to the Arts and Crafts, $30.

Rockers—Colonial, Mission and Chippendale styles, at popular low prices. Selections reserved until wanted.

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Our Special ½ Price Sale of Fire Place Goods Closes Today,

Don't Overlook This Opportunity

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Beautify Your Lawn With Iron Fence
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Of course you could hardly expect anything like that, but we certainly would be pleased to add your name to our telephone family.

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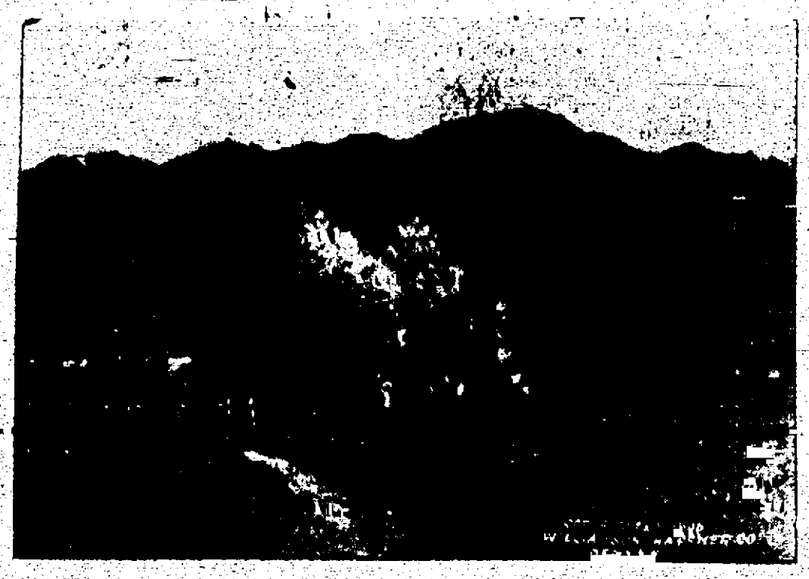

OLD RANCH HOUSE NEAR COLORADO SPRINGS.

EXHIBIT OF PAINTINGS

RARE TREAT PROMISED ART LOVERS THIS WEEK.

Original Portrait of General Palmer by Famous Artist Among Those Displayed.

An exhibition of the recent paintings of Leslie J. Skelton will be opened tonight by a private view in the Perkins art gallery. This exhibition which is to remain open during the week, will undoubtedly be largely attended, as there is a strong local interest in Mr. Skelton's work which has been brought into greater prominence because of his success in the French and English galleries and also because of the beautiful series of colored postal cards of Colorado scenery which have recently been reproduced from his pictures and which have met with such an enthusiastic reception from the people of Colorado Springs. The galleries will be open during the week from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Mr. Skelton's exhibitions are more than usually interesting from the fact that his range of subjects is so varied. An article in Brush and Pencil, the well-known art magazine, said of him:

"His gamut of subjects is a wide one; sometimes he paints Venice, its dazzling blue sky and brilliant reflection, then a vast stretch of meadowland with the horizon miles away, now a group of trees that you can almost feel the summer wind blowing through, or it may be the mountains of Colorado with luminous clouds casting peculiar shadows, and then again a group of Normandy cottages bathed in the warmest sunshine. In all these varying subjects there is atmosphere, delicacy and brilliance of color, truthful drawing, and, more than all, that peculiar quality known as distinction."

"Amongst the pictures which Mr. Skelton is exhibiting during the coming week are many that especially give point to and bear out the above description of his work.

The pictures of the permanent collection of Colorado college, including the portrait by Mr. Hubert von Herkomer, R. A., of General Palmer, will also be on view. This portrait of General Palmer is a most successful one and has only to be seen to be at once appreciated.

Portrait of General Palmer.

Mr. Skelton says of this picture: "This portrait of General Palmer is a very remarkable piece of work, for it is not only a wonderfully good likeness, but a fine bit of coloring. It is a lifelike presentment of the man who founded and who has done so much for Colorado Springs and it is a most valuable heirloom for Colorado college to possess.

"The artist, Mr. Herbert von Herkomer, R. A., is today one of England's leading men and no exhibition of the royal academy is complete without its Herkomer pictures, for his portraits usually divide the honors with Sargent, Shannon or Orchardson. They are always lifelike and vigorous and you feel as you stand oposite a portrait painted by Herkomer that you must have met and known the subject.

"Mr. Herkomer is not only a portrait painter—his is a very versatile mind—his landscapes are amongst the best, and his wood carvings are remarkable, as is, indeed, everything he touches. In the house at Busbey, near London, the guest room contains a collection of wood carvings that few men would have either the patience or the ability to undertake or bring to a successful conclusion.

"The entire room is paneled for a height of six feet with these wood carvings, each complete in itself and beautifully executed. The whole house and studio at Busbey is a continual [illegible] all the electric light fixtures are of Mr. Herkomer's own design. One or two of them are clusters of orange leaves in dark bronze with a frosted orange for the central light, while orange blossoms placed on the hallway give an unusually soft and mellow light.

"Mr. Herkomer's studio is dignified by two portraits of his parents, who were ordinary peasants, painted by himself. Underneath is the inscription, 'The founders of my house.'

"The art school established and carried on by Mr. Herkomer at Bushey is too well known and has trained too many successful artists to need any mention.

"That Colorado college should have been presented with an original picture by so distinguished an artist, is a cause for congratulation. This picture has been considered so successful in its artistic handling that several artists have desired to copy it, and one or two such copies have been made—these remain in Europe, but it should be remembered in looking at this picture that it is the original, and was painted by Mr. Herkomer himself. The permanent collection of pictures of Colorado college grows slowly but surely and no doubt before long will contain many of Arthur not only to the college, but to the residents and visitors of Colorado Springs."

PINES IN MANITOU PARK.

THE PLAINS FROM CHEYENNE MOUNTAIN.

A COLORADO TROUT STREAM.

HOUSE RUN BY ELECTRICITY

From the New York World.

The famous "house without a chimney," built at Schenectady by H. W. Hillman, of the General Electric company, and heated by electricity, is to be replaced by a more modern house in which the application of electricity will be made use of to heat the building, do the family cooking, warm the water in the bath tubs, heat the maid's curling iron and light the owner's perfectos.

Nor will this be all, for all of the doors are to open and shut by electricity, and burglars will be kept away through a novel scheme of automatic illumination and the ringing of bells. The laundry will be equipped with motors and the tubs with electric coils for heating the water in large quantities. Even the lawn mower will clip the grass by motor power.

WHAT THE PRESS AGENTS SAY

"THE STROLLERS" AT THE OPERA HOUSE TONIGHT

Lovers of good music and good comedy will have the opportunity of having their every desire gratified when the Knickerbocker theater, New York musical comedy success, "The Strollers," is presented at the Opera house this evening. This ever popular opera with its splendid book, the lines of which has seldom been heard, is said to be the greatest money-making comic opera that has been produced in a decade. In writing the book, Harry B. Smith gave special attention to the comedy, and for this reason the roles of Augustus Lump and Bertha (The Strollers) as played by [illegible] and [illegible] Heumi, respectively, stand out in marked relief, for good clean, wholesome comedy roles, cleverly enacted, always have proven and always will prove the nucleus of successful musical comedy. The principal singing roles are, of course, essential. The chorus must be thoroughly capable and the mounting and costuming must be in keeping, but the comedy is the foundation on which success is built, and in "The Strollers" is found that comedy in full measure.

The theater-going public of San Francisco, Seattle, Denver and every other prominent city in the west which has been visited, have put the stamp of approval on the splendid production of the Knickerbocker theater, New York city, the musical success, "The Strollers." The company is exceptionally strong in singers and comedians. The chorus is composed of beauties, and the male section of the chorus is the best since the days of the famous Bostonians.

A GOOD MELODRAMA COMING

"At Cripple Creek," a play of genuine value and simple homely qualities that are at once elevating and uplifting, will be presented at the Opera house on next Wednesday evening at popular prices. This piece is the best work of Hatfield, a noted playwright, and has been pronounced by leading critics to be Mr. Reid's masterpiece, and also the strongest and most interesting portrayal of life in the Rockies that has been given to our stage. It is elaborately handled; the motives are cleverly blended and the heart interest is enthralling. The piece contains many scenes of tenderest beauty; abounds in whole some comedy and is replete with striking scenes and stirring situations. A number of handsome and elaborate scenery is carried for this production and each of the four acts are staged in the most elaborate and complete manner, the third act in particular being the most complicated and heaviest ever provided for a drama to be taken on tour.

THE WOMAN HATER

Laughter will cure almost anything but a broken leg, and it will help that. That is why you should go to see Harry Beresford in "The Woman Hater" at the Opera house next Friday evening. People drive hundreds of miles to see "that odd fellow." It's a good thing to be popular.

The average audito in the theater does not realize how much a comedian depends upon a wink of the eye and a twist of the mouth. Facial expression is one of the chief mainstays of the comedian. In this phase of the actor's art, Harry Beresford, who is starring in "The Woman Hater," excels. His infinitely is inimitable. Pantomine is always more difficult than elocution. At the same time Mr. Beresford is much more than a skillful pantomimist, for he excels in all of the essentials that go to make a great comedian. His methods are quiet but effective, and he never descends to horseplay to obtain a laugh. It is only a just tribute to state that since the death of Joseph Jefferson there is not a comedian on the stage who wins his laughs with such perfect artistry. Apart from his art, Mr. Beresford possesses a personality that has made him the most popular player on the boards since Sol Smith Russell.

"THE HOLY CITY"

"The Holy City," which is at the Opera house next Saturday evening, is to be one of the most important events in the theatrical season in this city. The play, which deals with life during biblical times, is most interesting, and the subject is handled most reverently. Complete scenic and mechanical effects are carried for each and every act, the cast is best that money can procure. Manager Nye is very fortunate in securing an attraction of this class for our local theatergoers. The costumes worn by Miss Luella Morey in "The Holy City" were all made in Paris and are not only rich and gorgeous as art can procure, but are also historically correct. Special attention is called to her gowns in act one in the great dance before King Herod, also those of act two and three, the latter being especially beautiful. Regular prices will be charged for this engagement.

RIVALRY OF GREAT POWERS

Feeling Between Germany and Great Britain One Real Danger of Peace of the World.

VIENNA, Dec. 9.—Discussing in the Neue Freie Presse the relations between Austria-Hungary and Italy, Sig. Luzzatti, ex-minister of the Italian treasury, is quoted as declaring that the military preparations of Austria along the Italian frontier are bound to lead to the arming of Italy. He contended that Austria-Hungary ought to recognize that the triple alliance offered the greatest security for peace between Germany and the Anglo-French alliance.

The one real danger of the peace of the world, he said, lies in the rivalry between Germany and Great Britain, and a war between those countries would place Austria-Hungary and Italy in a position where they would have everything to lose. They should therefore unite to promote a good understanding between Germany and Great Britain.

The same paper publishes an interview with the Marquis Di Rudinì, ex-premier of Italy, in which he is reported to have said that the triple alliance has lost its force since Great Britain has taken up a new position in the world's politics and has become a source of continual anxiety to Austria-Hungary and Italy. However, added the ex-premier, it would be dangerous to abandon the triple alliance, which is necessary to the economic and political interests of both Italy and Austria.

RULES TO GOVERN MARRIAGES

Dr. Billings of Chicago Would Have Applicants for License Pass Medical Examination.

CHICAGO, Dec. 9.—State regulation of marriage was advocated by Dr. Frank Billings, president of the Illinois state board of charities, in an address before the national conference of charities. His audience was largely made up of experts in charity and reformatory lines, and his declaration, while it created surprise, was greeted with applause.

He was speaking on "should wards of the state be separated from the public school children?" and drew a picture of the backward methods of instruction which the state board of charities had found in certain institutions.

"But we physicians believe in getting to the root of a disease," said Dr. Billings, bringing his address to a close. "There is no use in taking any other point of view. The root of this trouble lies in the existing freedom of marriage.

"I do not believe there should be any such freedom of marriage. I am no lawyer, but I would like to see society put on its statute books laws forbidding persons to be married, not merely until they had secured a certificate of health from a reputable physicians, but until they had obtained a certificate of inheritance showing their antecedents.

the defective classes is so impressive as to warrant such a conclusion. Two per cent of the population of Illinois is insane. The number of defectives is increasing 3 per cent annually."

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

is a powerful, invigorating tonic, imparting health and strength in particular to the organs distinctly feminine. The local womanly health is so intimately related to the general health that when diseases of the delicate womanly organs are cured the whole body gains in health and strength. For weak and sickly women who are "worn-out," "run-down" or debilitated, especially for women who work in store, office or schoolroom, who sit at the typewriter or sewing machine, or bear heavy household burdens, and for nursing mothers, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has proven a priceless benefit because of its health-restoring and strength-giving powers.

As a soothing and strengthening nervine, "Favorite Prescription" is unequaled and is invaluable in allaying and subduing nervous excitability, irritability, nervous exhaustion, nervous prostration, neuralgia, hysteria, spasms, chorea, or St. Vitus's dance, and other distressing nervous symptoms commonly attendant upon functional and organic disease of the womanly organs. It induces refreshing sleep and relieves mental anxiety and depondency.

Cures obstinate cases. "Favorite Prescription" is a positive cure for the most complicated and obstinate cases of "female weakness," painful periods, irregularities, prolapsus or falling of the pelvic organs, weak back, bearing-down sensations, chronic congestion, inflammation and ulceration.

Dr. Pierce's medicines are made from harmless but efficient medical roots found growing in our American forests. The Indians knew of the marvelous curative value of some of these roots and imparted that knowledge to some of the friendlier whites, and gradually some of the more progressive physicians came to test and use them, and ever since they have grown in favor by reason of their superior curative virtues and their safe and harmless qualities.

Your druggists sell the "FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION" and also that famous alterative, blood purifier and stomach tonic, the "GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY." Write to Dr. Pierce about your case. He is an experienced physician and will treat your case as confidential and without charge for correspondence. Address him at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., of which he is chief consulting physician.

Have You A Cold Room?

In most houses there is a room without proper heating facilities—to say nothing of chilly hallways. Even though the heat of your stoves or furnace should be inadequate to warm the whole house there need not be one cold spot if you have a

PERFECTION Oil Heater

(Equipped with Smokeless Device)

It will heat a room in no time and will *keep* it warm and cozy. Operated as easily as a lamp and perfectly safe. Wick cannot be turned too high or too low. Gives no smoke or smell because fitted with unique smokeless device. Can be carried about, which cannot be done with an ordinary stove. The Perfection Oil Heater is superior to all other oil heaters and is an ornament to any home. Made in two finishes nickel and japan. Brass oil fount beautifully embossed. Holds four quarts of oil and burns nine hours. Every heater warranted. If not at your dealer's write nearest agency for descriptive circular.

THE Rayo Lamp is the safest and best all-round household lamp. Made of brass throughout and nickel-plated. Equipped with latest improved burner. Every lamp warranted. An ornament to any room whether library, dining-room, parlor or bedroom. Write to nearest agency if not at your dealer's.

CONTINENTAL OIL COMPANY

DEATH LIST WILL BE LARGE

Six Bodies Recovered From Mud at Clifton, Arizona.

SOLOMONVILLE, Ariz., Dec. 9.—Conditions in the flood-stricken city of Clifton are now somewhat improved. Clear and mild weather now continues to the advantage of refugees. The work of clearing away the mud and debris is progressing slowly. The city is still without water, lighting and telephone service, and walking over town is difficult and dangerous. A party of searchers saw a human arm protruding from the mud, and, digging down, recovered the bodies of six unidentified Mexicans. It is certain that the death list will be large, although but two Americans are known to have perished. A strong guard is maintained and four men have been shot for looting. Efforts will be made to run a train out of town tomorrow.

CHILDREN'S

favorite tonic is White's Cream Vermifuge, the cure for worms and all children's diseases. It not only kills the worms, but removes the mucus and slime in which they build their nests. Its action on the child is mild and leaves him in a healthy condition. Joe Daniel, Sarmac, Tenn., says that he gave one of his children White's Cream Vermifuge when the doctor thought it had colic, and from the first dose the child passed 73 worms. Sold by the Hedley-Arcularius Drug Co.

Going hunting? Buy your shells from the Lowell-Meservey Hardware Co.

KONDON'S CATARRHAL JELLY

Have You Catarrh, Asthma or Hay Fever?

Are you Subject to Cold in the Head?

Catarrh begins with an inflammation of the lining (the mucous membrane) of the nasal passages, forming an offensive and corrosive virus. This virus is a poison which can be counteracted. But if it is permitted to run, the inflammation becomes a deep-seated (sometimes a running) sore, which sloughs away the lining of the nasal passages, poisoning the blood, eating into the cartilage and the bone, dropping down into the throat and bronchial tubes carrying with it all the while the seeds of disease, which develop into Bronchitis, Laryngitis, and Consumption. In the meantime it spreads through the passages of the head, causing deafness and affecting the eye sight, and often destroying the sense of smell entirely.

Kondon's Catarrhal Jelly cures, because it kills the virus germs. It serves first as a covering and emulsion for the affected mucous membrane and in a short time cures completely.

This explains why Kondon's Catarrhal Jelly is an instant relief and why it is a sure cure in any case of Catarrh, Catarrhal Deafness, Hay Fever, Cold in the Head, etc.

Sold by 30,000 Druggists Everywhere

If you are offered a substitute, don't take it, but send to us for a sample. There is no substitute for Kondon's Catarrhal Jelly.

A Regular Size Tube for 25c

The sample we send free. Your name on a postal will bring it.

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Leave Colorado Springs 10:40 a. m. today, arrive Englewood 4:15 p. m. tomorrow. Leave Englewood 5:45 p. m. tomorrow, arrive New York 5:30 p. m. next day. Three other fast limited trains East every day.

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Robbins

HATS IN PARLIAMENT.

From the Chicago Chronicle.

"I'll tell you," she said between the acts, "of the hat idiocy of the house of commons.

"As soon as I entered the ladies' gallery I noticed that every member had his hat on. But when a man rose to speak or to go out he took off his hat. My paid chaperon, Lady Jane Grey, then whispered to me the inexorable rules of the hat idiocy.

"A member of parliament must never stand up with his hat on, even if he has only risen to speak to the man behind him. Coming in, going out or speechifying, he is always hatless. And he is sometimes hatless when sitting down.

"Thus if the speaker mentions a bill the member is responsible for he lifts his hat. If his name is mentioned in a speech he lifts his hat. Even if he happens at those times to be bareheaded, he must seize a hat, put it on, then lift it."

CORONER'S EYE TO BUSINESS

From the Chicago Chronicle.

Captain Homer W. Hedge, president of the Aero club, said, in Pittsburg, appropos of a very dangerous balloon descent:

"This reminds me of a visit that was paid to the aeronautical editor of a certain newspaper by a solemn man in black.

"'The new Aero club is doing well, I believe?' the visitor began.

"'Yes,' said the editor. 'We have already ninety members.'

"'Good! And ascensions will soon begin, eh?'

"'They will begin within the week.'

"'Now, sir,' said the man in black, 'I will pay you $1 a line if you will write in your "answers to correspondents" column that the quickest and best way to descend in a balloon is to bore a hole in the gas bag.'

"The editor shook his head.

"'It's a liberal offer,' he said, 'but I'm afraid we can't accept it.'

"The man in black sighed. 'I am sorry,' he said, and he walked out.

"'Who is that man?' asked a stenographer, looking up from his desk.

"'That,' the editor replied, 'is our new coroner. He is paid by the job.'"

UNION PACIFIC OVERLAND ROUTE

THROUGH Standard sleepers and free reclining chair cars from Denver to Union Station, Chicago, every day. Leave Union Station, Denver, 4.35 p. m. or 10.20 p. m. The former is the famous one-night-on-the road train. Route—Union Pacific Railroad and

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

On your next trip East *insist* your ticket read via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, and you will be glad of it.

Tickets from any agent of a connecting line, or from

J. E. PRESTON
C[illegible] Agent
11[illegible] 17th [illegible], D[illegible]

Belonged to Lowest Type of Man Known on This Continent.

From the New York Tribune.

OMAHA, Nov. 3.—A skull, or at least part of the skull, of the lowest type of prehistoric man that the North American continent has yet revealed has just been discovered several miles north of Omaha, buried in a so-called Indian mound. Antedating, it is estimated, by thousands of years the famous "Lansing skull" of Kansas, which has been said by some scientists to be at least 150,000 years old, "Gilder's Nebraska skull" has interested the scientific men of the entire country, and they are visiting the home of Robert S. Gilder, in Omaha, where now are the skull and several other bones of this man, who lived before the glacial period covered North America with a vast field of ice.

Opinions of Learned Men.

Professor Henry Osborn of Columbia university, New York, says: "It is without doubt the skull of the lowest order of primitive man ever found on this continent." He adds that the skull shows an extremely small brain, with almost negligible possibilities of a power of thought.

When asked: "How does this skull compare with the Lansing skull, which has been estimated as being 150,000 years old?" Professor Osborn said:

"This skull antedates the Lansing skull by probably thousands of years."

Dr. Henry Baldwin Ward, professor of zoology at Nebraska university, says: "I regard this skull as belonging to a class of aborigines of which we know nothing. They were very primitive, indeed."

Dr. Erwin H. Barbour, state geologist, says: "It is perfectly wonderful that any race of human beings could have such a small amount of intelligence."

Dr. Barber, professor of operative dentistry in Creighton university, says: "The jaw indicates tremendous crushing power. These teeth have been worn down through the process of grinding roots, nuts and raw meat. The lower jaw protruded beyond the upper, and there is an abnormal development of both of them."

Compared With Normal Skull.

As compared with a normal skull the Gilder Nebraska skull shows receding chin and forehead, abnormally large cheek bones and a brain pan ridiculously small. The dome of the head is only one inch above the top of the eye sockets.

But the man was a giant, nevertheless. From other bones found in the same mound the man who owned that skull originally must have been nearly seven feet tall, despite his little head, with the strength of two ordinary men of today.

In opening the mound in which the bones were found Mr. Gilder first found three skulls and other bones of an intermediate race of men, a race whose skulls show them to be below the modern Indian in intelligence, but far above the "Nebraska man" in thinking powers. Several feet below the first burial the bones of three other beings were found. These three were of the same class, showing that "Gilder's Nebraska skull" is not a "freak," but is really a type of the people who lived in that day.

Mr. Gilder is a brother of Richard Watson Gilder, editor of The Century, and of Joseph B. Gilder, editor of Putnam's Magazine.

RAILWAY ODDITIES.

Wireless telegraphy is employed on the Bavarian state railways for sending instructions, warnings, etc., from stations to approaching trains.

Among the most curious names of American railway stations are Accident, Kiss Me, Beef Hide, Hat Off, U Bet, and A B C.

Belgian railway engines are fitted with two whistles, one producing a much softer tone than the other. In order to spare residents' nerves the "soft" whistle is used when the train is passing through towns and railway stations.

One of the most important of the Italian railways has offered a reward of 20 francs for the recovery of each of sixty trucks, which are laconically described as "lost."

The only corridor milk trains in the world are run by the London and Northwestern railway, between London and the Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire milk producing districts.

Railway cars are being constructed in Germany for the carrying of live fish out of water. At present they are conveyed by train in heavy tanks, 93 per cent of the weight of the load being taken up by the reservoirs.—Globe's Railway Exchanges.

Combination bookcases and writing desks in early English finishes; they are beauties. Enterprise Furniture Co., 129 E. Huerfano street.

A POOR FRENCH SCHOLAR.

From the Denver Post.

Frank White of the Orpheum is responsible for the following story. Yesterday afternoon, according to him, two tall ranchmen bought seats in the back row in the balcony. One of the ushers chanced to be standing near them while he was not busy and accidentally overheard some of their conversation. Before the curtain rose they talked about various things in the theater. While the orchestra was preparing to play its overture one of the ranchmen said: "Jim, what do you s'pose all them red lights with 'E-x-i-t' over 'em is for?"

"I ain't sure but I think I know," was the reply.

"Well, what's your idea?"

"That there 'E-x-i-t' is French talk for 'Saloon,' I think," said the other. "Them doorways lead to some place where you can git a drink."

The one who had asked about the exits looked at the red lights a moment. "Gosh!" he said finally, "that saloonkeeper is sure entertainin', but it don't look to me like he's doin' much business."

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

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From the Philadelphia North American.

The president has detailed Mrs. J. Ellen Foster, the noted woman lawyer and reformer, from the department of justice, to investigate the condition of women and child workers throughout the country, on which subject legislation is now pending for congress. Last year Mrs. Foster made a special report on the conditions of women and children in the Philippines, and only recently she returned from a trip around the world, during which she studied the woman and child problem of China and India.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

MEN—Our free illustrated catalogue explains how we teach barber trade in few weeks. Graduates paid $12 to $20 weekly. Positions or locations waiting. Shops furnished new on easy payments. Write Moler Barber College, Denver, Colo.

WANTED—Carpenters, apprentice carpenters and laborers to exchange work for lots. Part cash paid. The Hastings-Allen Realty and Building Co., 22 N. Tejon St.

WANTED—500 men and boys to buy unredeemed overcoats from $1.50 to $15.00 at M. K. Myers licensed loan office, 23 E. Huerfano St. Phone 823.

HELP furnished free; orders filled promptly. National Employment, 30 S. Tejon.

WANTED—Live agents of good address; right man can make splendid salary. Call 9 a. m., Room 26, Midland Block.

TWO or three boys to carry papers. Apply before 8 o'clock. Gazette mailing room.

WANTED—Timber men at Clyde, Colo.; all winter job; good wages. Apply 7 S. Tejon.

WANTED—Experienced engineer at Alta Vista Hotel.

CARPENTER wanted. C. E. Maddocks, 21½ E. Pike's Peak.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—Stenographer with knowledge of bookkeeping; references required; persons without experience need not apply; position permanent. Address A-23, Gazette.

COOK, camp cook, woman; second girl, waitress, laundress, coachman, housekeeper, generals. Mrs. Rhind, 201 De-Graff Bldg.

GOOD sewing machines for rent by week or month. J. F. Heglen Music Co., 11 N. Tejon St. Phone Main 1252.

GIRL—General housework. 120 Espanola street. Must be good cook. Apply between four and six afternoons.

GIRL for general housework, with or without washing. 132 Manitou Ave.

WOMAN to do housework and assist in milking. Address K, Gazette.

WANTED—Second girl; references. Call after 4 o'clock. 1205 Wood Ave.

Employment bureau, 201 DeGraff Bldg., 118 N. Tejon, Mrs. J. Rhind. Phone 565-B.

WANTED—Woman, second cook, at St. James Hotel.

WANTED—Experienced girl for general housework. Apply 321 N. Weber St.

WOMAN or girl to work for room and board; small wages. 721 N. Nevada Ave.

WANTED—Woman for light housework. Call between 2 and 5, 418 W. Kiowa.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

YOUNG MAN now out of employment wishes position as collector or solicitor for large firm; references furnished; bond if required. Address A-16, Gazette.

SEWING by first-class seamstress, ladies' and children's underwear a specialty. Phone West 51-A.

KOREAN boy wants position to work after school, experienced in housework. Phone Main 1625.

LADY wants position as nurse to take care of invalid or infant; best city references. Call 516 E. Pike's Peak.

WANTED—Sewing by day by competent dressmaker. 231 East Vermijo.

DAY work wanted. Apply 603 North Spruce St.

A GOOD penman wants employment. Address A. A. B., Box 352, city.

GIRL for general housework. Phone Black 273.

WANTED MISCELLANEOUS.

ANTIQUE furniture upholstering, cabinet making done in finest and artistic manner. Frederick Roller, 510 N. Tejon. Phone 1068-B.

CUSHION pneumatic tires; the kind for winter use. 110 E. Huerfano. Stratton & Reade.

WANTED—A good tent. Address A-35, Gazette.

WANTED—To borrow $2,000 on real estate security. H., 209 Gazette.

SKATES hollow ground. 110 E. Huerfano, Stratton & Reade.

CASH paid for men's clothing. Write or call 13½ E. Huerfano St.

WANTED—To buy two burros; must be cheap. Call 1023 Colorado Ave.

NOT EVEN IN DAYS OF ADAM.

A placard placed in a window is all right in supplementing advertising, but —of itself—is NOT advertising, no more than a necktie is of itself—clothing.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSES

7-room cottage on Platte St. $21.00
7-room residence on Wash. Ave. $30.00
7-room cottage on Wash. Ave. $20.00
6-room modern residence on 12th St. $35.00
4-room cottage on Main St. Colo. City $6.00
7-room modern residence on Grant Ave. $35.00

WARNER & MILLER, 1012 COLO. AVE.

WANTED—Careful party to care for home during owner's absence, or will rent very reasonable to right party. 1500 block north. Address A-29, Gazette.

ATTRACTIVE, clean, comfortable, 6-room house. Call at 821 N. Corona before 10:30 a. m.

NICE 8-room house, $12.00; 2-room, $7.00; a 7-room unfurnished, $10.00, 700 block N. Corona. Inquire 325 South Tejon.

FURNISHED brick cottage, 526 E. Uintah, to small family; five rooms, electric lights.

THREE-room cottage, furnished, cheap for the winter. Call 220 E. Cimarron.

5-ROOM house, three blocks from postoffice, will rent cheap to right party. Inquire 25 S. Wahsatch.

6-ROOM house, electric lights, water inside, $12.00. 529 E. Bijou.

2-ROOM cottage, furnished, electric lights, partly new. 722 S. Wahsatch Ave.

8-ROOM strictly modern; possession at once. See owner, 1812 N. Nevada.

6-ROOM cottage, modern, large glass porch, close in. 40 W. Bijou. Phone 930.

SIX-ROOM house, modern. Inquire 126 E. Las Animas.

4-ROOM modern furnished flat, $15; also rooms, $4 to $8. 2016 N. Tejon.

THREE large rooms, furnished for housekeeping; adults; $10 a mo. 1521 N. Tejon.

THREE-ROOM flat; modern three-room cottage; gas range. 523 East Platte.

NICELY furnished 2-room cottage for housekeeping. 909 S. Sahwatch.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS

THE LACLEDE—Modern; best heat; rooms, $2 to $4 week; front suite, $2 month; transients. 22½ E. Pike's Peak.

LARGE, comfortable, sunny front room, reasonable; close in. 119 E. Boulder.

FURNISHED housekeeping rooms, furnace heat. Inquire Oliver Jones, Colo. Springs Laundry.

TWO front rooms; modern conveniences; Special rates for the winter. 313 E. Kiowa.

CHEAP room with use of kitchen; also cottage furnished for housekeeping. 512 S. Nevada Ave.

$4.00 MONTH—Nicely furnished rooms, or $5.00, light housekeeping. 621 E. Boulder.

THE HALCYON—Refined apartments; new; strictly modern; winter rates. 120 N. Tejon.

Furnished rooms, strictly modern, heat, electric lights and bath, 10 minutes' walk from postoffice; $8 month. 516 N. Cascade.

TO RENT—Furnished room, $1.50 week, 329 S. Tejon St.

FURNISHED rooms or light housekeeping rooms. 327 N. Cascade Ave.

LARGE, sunny modern room; four ladies or four gentlemen; cheap. 111 S. Weber.

TWO sunny housekeeping rooms; heat; hot water; cheap. 526 E. Yampa.

ROOM with or without board, or rooms for housekeeping. 321 E. Willamette.

FOR RENT—Three housekeeping rooms, with piano. 129 E. Boulder.

ROOMS AND BOARD.

NEW ELK HOTEL. Low rates for winter, with or without board.

ROOMS and board; table board, $4.00 per week. 416 N. Nevada.

ROOMS AND BOARD—Table board. Mrs. Walter A. Dunan, 117 N. Nevada.

M'GREGOR INN—25 W. Bijou. Rooms, with or without board.

SUNNY rooms with board, also sleeping tent. 1619 North Weber.

WANTED REAL ESTATE.

WANTED for cash, in any part of Colorado, about 1,000 acres of good coal or ranch land. P. O. Box 61.

PERSONAL.

MAGNETIC HEALING—Medicines not used. Patients treated at their homes. Address FRIEND JOHN, Lock Box 785, Colorado Springs, Colo., for terms.

TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES.

TO TRADE—Typewriter for tailoring; good as new; visible writing machine; standard keyboard. Address T. Y. P., Gazette.

CLEANING AND DYEING.

DUSTY and spotted clothes are horrid things to wear, and will soil your linen quickly. It will pay you to have us dust and clean your suits each week, cash but $1.00 per month. The Pantatorium, 17 E. Bijou. Phone 523-A.

FOR RENT—UNFUR. HOUSES.

2 ROOMS, $5 PER MONTH
4 ROOMS, $6 PER MONTH
5 ROOMS, MODERN, $15
5 ROOMS, MODERN, $19

Call C. E. Maddocks, 21½ Pike's Peak Ave.

6 ROOMS, modern, close in $30
6 rooms, modern, north end $25
5 rooms, modern, north end $22

MATTHEW KENNEDY,
113 E. Kiowa st.

8-ROOM house, No. 8 S. 11th St., modern except heat, $25.00 month. 7-room house, No. 16 S. 12th St., strictly modern, $25.00 month. Inquire on premises.

SEVEN rooms, fully modern, unfurnished, north, not far out; very desirable; only $35. Norton Investment Co., Suite 26-27, Midland Bldg.

FOR RENT—Six-room house, modern. Apply 18 E. Platte Ave.

STORE building, cor. 12th and Colorado Ave. Warner & Miller, 1012 Colorado Ave. Phone West 15.

SIX-ROOM, modern, 418 E. Yampa, between car lines; gas, electricity, furnace; $20.00.

FOR RENT—6-room modern cottage in 300 block, Kiowa. Call at 325 E. Kiowa street.

FOR RENT—House of 14 rooms, bath, stable; all modern conveniences; in fine condition. 1424 N. Nevada Ave.

5-ROOMED, modern apartment, heated. The Colchester, owner 73 Bank building.

4-ROOM unfurnished brick house, $10 per month. 228 South Weber.

FOUR-ROOM cottage; barn. 522 South Nevada avenue.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

THAT YOU MAY KNOW

A three-months Byrne shorthand writer will report in Dist. court today as substitute reporter.

THE MILLER SHORTHAND COLLEGE
DeGraff Bldg.
State right to teach Byrne Shorthand.

WANTED—1,000 good-hearted people to buy at half the value the unredeemed diamond rings, pins, earrings or any kind of watches or anything of value for Christmas presents to their good friends at M. K. Myers licensed loan office, 23 East Huerfano. Phone 823.

MANITOU mineral water delivered daily; 24 quart tickets, $1. L. M. Hunt. Orders taken at Robinson's Drug Store. Phone 4.

GREAT SNAP

Nearly new $350 Everett piano for only $175 cash. Bird Piano Co., 11 N. Tejon St.

EXTENSION table, folding beds, rockers, sanitary couch, chiffoniers, carpets, sideboard, feather bed, pillows, hose, lawn mower. Call Saturday, 316 East Platte.

FOR SALE—DeForest wireless stock; part or all 100 shares, preferred or common. G. P. Randall, Rocky Ford, Colo.

FOR SALE—Studebaker buggy, rubber tires, or trade for sewing machine. 106 North Seventh, Springs.

FOR SALE—Showcases, scales, meat fixtures, store fixtures. Phone 653 or call 227 N. Institute.

SILVER Denver No. 8 cook stove; also good heater at a bargain. 212 N. Corona St.

LADY'S ticket to St. Louis or Louisville, Burlington; tall, dark, slender. H-21, Gazette.

FOR SALE—Cheap, Bicycle. 706 East Platte Avenue.

HARTZ Mountain and Leipzig canaries and goldfinches. 317 S. Nevada.

FOR SALE—Tailoring machine and tools. Call 123½ S. Tejon. Phone 1463 Main.

CANARY birds for sale; choice of forty. 333 N. Pine, Colo. Springs.

TWENTY-FIVE stands bees; Danzenbaker hives. 1323 Hays St., Colo. City.

5-ROOM portable house. Call 1503 Colo. Ave.

OLD papers 25c hundred.
At Gazette office.

OLD papers delivered, 25c per hundred. Phone Black 1122. Address 811 N. Cedar.

DESKS, large safe, typewriter, other office furniture. Room 21, P. O. Bldg.

CLAIRVOYANT.

CLARA GOODHOPE TRASK, Spirit Trance Medium Clairvoyant; readings daily; join class in occult science; located 12½ S. Tejon.

MRS. THOMPSON, clairvoyant, 50c and $1.00. Hours 9 to 9. 28 S. Nevada.

DRESSMAKING.

A FIRST-CLASS seamstress desires sewing, underwear a specialty. Phone West 54-A.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE.

AT Mr. Skinner's, 1525 North Nevada avenue, all day today and Tuesday, sale of furniture and household effects.

STORAGE AND TRANSFER.

MOVING furniture and pianos our specialty. Phone us when you expect to send goods by freight. We can send your goods with other lots and save you money. [illegible]

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. G. W. PAULY and wife, graduates Still's college, Kirksville, Mo., 201-3 DeGraff Bldg., 118 N. Tejon. Phone Red 1272. Best equipped office, best of service. Residence, 831 N. Weber. Phone Blk. 144.

DR. E. E. CONWAY, oldest established practice in city. Suite 4, El Paso Bank Bldg. Examination free. Office phone, red 1261; Res. phone [illegible]

DR. HARRIMAN, osteopath, electro-thermatorium, 124 S. Tejon. Phone Blk. [illegible]

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

FOR SALE or trade—Homestead relinquishment, 160 acres, house, barn and tools, cheap. Inquire 720 E. Uintah.

PROFESSIONAL.

MAGNETIC [illegible] Hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. [illegible] Colo. Ave.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

CHRISTMAS SNAPS!

$4,900—7-room modern, hot water heat, full lot, north.
$2,500—Six-rooms, modern, 50-foot lot, north.
$2,500—7-room modern; large lot, south front, beautiful lot, close to car line; Ivywild.
$2,100—Large corner lot, south and east front, west side, two houses.
$1,700—5 rooms, modern except heat, south.
$1,200—5 rooms, large lot, Ivywild.

W. W. WILLIAMSON
27 N. TEJON ST.
Tel. 476.

$2,050—5-room cottage, fully modern except heat, and a neat 3-room house; corner lot, well located.
$2,000—6-room house, fully modern, elegant condition, south front, 5½ blocks from car, easy terms.
$1,450—6-room house, water inside, electric light, grate and mantle, nice lot, east side; easy terms.
$1,000—5-room house, modern except heat, fair sized lot, close to car; easy terms.
Real estate, loans, fire insurance, rentals.

ADAMS & WILLIAMS,
Tel. 1266. 113½ N. Tejon St.

MODERN 8-room house, cheap, or rent to right party. 221 N. Walnut. Phone 551 Black.

FOR SALE—Seven-room house, full lot, No. 1019 North Weber street.

A BARGAIN—Property at 527 E. Platte Ave. Inquire 627 N. Royer.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

CARRIAGES and wagons repaired at lowest prices. Rubber tires a specialty. All work guaranteed. Hemenway's Carriage and Repair Shop, 25 S. Cascade.

WANTED—Good pasture for one horse about four months' time. A. M., Box 34, Clyde, Colo.

FOR SALE—1,200-lb. team gray horses, wagon, harness. Big bargain. No. 6 E. Willamette.

WANTED—A good driving horse or horse and runabout. Address A. 5, Gazette.

FOR SALE—A cheap horse, weight 1,000 pounds. 506 E. Columbia St.

MONEY TO LOAN.

DO YOU NEED MONEY?
THEN SEE US
THE STAR LOAN CO.

For, if you have permanent employment we have it for you just on your note.

NO MORTGAGES necessary.
NO PUBLICITY for you.
EASY terms, EASY payments, LIBERAL DISCOUNT if paid before due.
MONEY ON CHATTELS.
Room 25, First Nat'l Bank Bldg.
Phone 578.

MONEY to loan on real estate; lowest rates.

NO DELAY.

Insurance written in companies of undisputed financial standing.

W. W. WILLIAMSON,
Tel. 476. 27 N. Tejon St.

MONEY TO LOAN
At 5 and 6 per cent.
MATTHEW KENNEDY
113 E. Kiowa St.

WANTED TO LOAN—$2,000 on good real estate security; lowest rates; will loan $1,000 if desired. Call mornings, 9 o'clock. NORTON INVESTMENT CO., Suite 26-27 Midland Block.

$25 TO $500 on furniture, pianos, horses, cattle; lowest rates. 33 Bank Bldg.

EDUCATIONAL.

PRIVATE instruction in elementary studies by lady graduate of Bridgewater, Mass., Normal school; 6 years' experience. 1117 E. Willamette.

TO TRADE.

TO TRADE—4-room house and lot in south end for $1,500 stock of groceries. W. B. Scofield, 123 E. Huerfano.

WANTED—To trade an organ for carpenter work. Address R, Gazette.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE premium list of the poultry show, Jan. 14-19, will be issued shortly. Send to G. W. Vedltz, Sec'y, for a copy.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Denver, Colo., November 15th, 1906.

The deferred annual meeting of the stockholders of The Lexington Gold Mining Company will be held at the Antlers Hotel, Colorado Springs, Colorado, on Monday, December 17th, 1906, at 10:30 o'clock a. m., to elect directors for the ensuing year and to transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Transfer books will close at noon December 1st, 1906, and remain closed until after the final adjournment of the meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors.

WILLIAM E. HUMPHREYS, Vice-President.

N. H. PARTRIDGE, Sec'y.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

The stockholders of the East Colorado Springs Land company, a Colorado corporation, will hereby take notice that by an order of the board of directors this day made, a meeting of the stockholders of said company will be held at its office, in room 5, Giddings Building, Colorado Springs, Colorado, at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon of December 6th, 1906, for the purpose of electing a board of directors.

E. F. SMITH, Secretary.

Dated October 31st, 1906.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the St. John Brothers Plumbing company, for the purpose of electing a board of directors and transacting such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company, 18 East Kiowa St., on Tuesday, January 29, 1907, at 2 o'clock p. m. A. C. Williams, Sec.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

Colorado Springs, Colo., Dec. 8th, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Stockholders of THE ACACIA GOLD MINING COMPANY will be held at the office of the company rooms, 211-212 Mining Exchange building, Colorado Springs, Colo., at 2 o'clock p. m., on Thursday, December 20th, 1906, for the purpose of electing a board of directors to serve for the ensuing year and for the consideration of such other and further business as may properly come before said meeting.

The books for the transfer of stock will close at 12 o'clock noon on Saturday, December 15th, 1906, and remain closed until Friday, December 21st, 1906.

KENNETH McKENZIE, President.
[illegible] K. MAC[illegible], Secretary.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—Wholesale dairy; close in; nice home; good stock. F. M. Young, 4 miles east Prospect lake.

LOST.

LOST—On Sunday forenoon, between 1225 North Cascade and Unitarian church, a necklace of jet beads. Finder will be rewarded if returned to 1225 North Cascade.

LOST—Between 8th St., Colorado City, and 11th St., Colorado Springs, gold-rimmed eyeglasses, black case. Reward. Return to 113 S. 11th St.

LOST—A fur glove for left hand. Liberal reward upon return to Reed Investment Co., 129 N. Tejon St.

LOST—Brown fur boa between Bijou viaduct and 426 E. Platte. Return to 426 West Platte. Reward.

LOST—Gray cape at the corner of Fountain and Tejon Sts. Liberal reward if returned to 817 S. Cascade.

CARPETS AND RUGS.

HANDSOME fluff rugs made from your old carpets. Silk portieres and rag carpets woven. We also bought and controlling the Colo. Springs Rug Mfg. Co. G. Odabashian, 420 E. Kiowa. Phone 1377.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DENVER & RIO GRANDE.

No. NORTH—FOR DENVER.
16—From Ouray, Gunnison, Salida, Leadville and Glenwood .... 4:30 am
6—From Salt Lake & Pac. Coast .... 8:23 am
12—From St. Louis, K. C., Pueblo 10:15 am
2—From St. Louis & Pac. Coast .... 2:08 pm
10—From Pueblo and Canon City .... 3:25 pm
14—From Trinidad and Pueblo .... 6:15 pm
4—From Salt Lake & Pac. Coast .... 7:20 pm

SOUTH AND WEST FROM DENVER.
15—For Ouray, Gunnison, Salida, and Leadville .... 12:15 am
5—For Salt Lake & Pac. Coast .... 11:05 am
1—For Salt Lake, St. Louis and Pacific Coast .... 12:10 pm
9—For Canon City and Pueblo .... 4:10 pm
7—For Pueblo, Alamosa, Durango 3:30 pm
11—For Kan. City and St. Louis 6:20 pm
3—For Salt Lake & Pac. Coast .... 10:35 pm

MANITOU BRANCH TRAINS.

No.	Lv. Colo. Spgs.	No.	Lv. Manitou.
43	7:30 am	44	8:20 am
45	11:10 am	46	11:40 am
47	4:30 pm	48	4:55 pm

COLORADO & SOUTHERN.
119 E. Pike's Peak Avenue.
Phone Main 164.
Effective Sunday, October 14.

NORTHBOUND.
No. 13 for Denver .... 5:40 am
No. 5 for Denver .... 6:55 am
No. 807 for Denver .... 11:45 am
No. 1 for Denver .... 1:30 pm
No. 601 for Denver .... 3:45 pm
No. 3 for Denver .... 6:15 pm
No. 11 for Denver .... 7:05 pm

SOUTHBOUND.
No. 608 for Pueblo .... 6:40 am
No. 4 for Pueblo .... 10:20 am
No. 2 for Pueblo and south .... 2:35 pm
No. 602 for Pueblo .... 6:35 pm
No. 8 for Pueblo .... 10:30 pm

G. H. LOGAN, Commercial Agent.

ROCK ISLAND SYSTEM.
No. LEAVE COLORADO SPRINGS.
No. 42—Rocky Mountain Limited, For Omaha and Chicago .... 10:40 am
No. 10—Eastern Fast Mail, for Kansas City .... 2:30 pm
No. 28—Southwestern Express, for Kansas City, St. Louis and Southeast .... 7:50 pm
No. 6—Eastern Express, for Omaha and Chicago .... 9:45 pm
No. 5—For Pueblo .... 8:35 am
No. 9—For Pueblo .... 2:00 pm
No. 41—For Pueblo .... 9:45 pm

ARRIVE AT COLORADO SPRINGS.
No. 5—Colorado Express, from Chicago and Omaha .... 7:50 am
No. 27—Western Express, from St. Louis, Kansas City and Southeast .... 5:15 am
No. 29—Colorado Flyer, from Kansas City .... 11:35 am
No. 9—For Pueblo .... 11:25 am
No. 41—Rocky Mountain Limited, from Chicago and Omaha .... 9:40 pm
No. 42—From Pueblo .... 10:30 am
No. 10—From Pueblo .... 2:30 pm
No. 6—From Pueblo .... 9:35 pm

All meals in dining cars. Through sleepers and chair cars on all trains.
W. W. WOOD, City Passenger Agent.
2 Pike's Peak Avenue.

COLORADO MIDLAND RAILWAY.
(MIDLAND ROUTE.)
Leave Colorado Springs.
No. 5—For Leadville, Aspen, Glenwood, Grand Junction, Salt Lake and Pacific Coast (A. T. & S. F.-C. & S. Depot) .... 11:55 am
No. 3—For Leadville, Aspen, Glenwood, Grand Junction, Salt Lake and Pacific Coast (A. T. & S. F.-C. & S. Depot) .... 11:30 pm
No. 8—For Victor and Cripple Creek (D. & R. G. Depot) .... 6:00 pm

Arrive Colorado Springs.
No. 4—From Pacific Coast, Grand Junction, Glenwood, Aspen (A. T. & S. F.-C. & S. Depot) 6:55 pm
No. 6—From Grand Junction, Aspen, Glenwood, Leadville (A. T. & S. F.-C. S. depot) .... 5:30 am
No. 8—From Cripple Creek, Victor and Ute Pass Points (D. & R. G. Depot) .... 10:15 am

C. S. BROWNE, General Agent.
No. 9 N. Tejon St.

SANTA FE.
October 14, 1906.
Union Station, East Pike's Peak Ave.
No. NORTH—FOR DENVER.
5—From Chicago and California .... 6:05 am
13—From Colorado Midland .... 5:40 am
007—Denver Express .... 11:35 am
1—Colorado Fast Flyer .... 1:30 pm
601—From Pueblo and East .... 3:45 pm
3—Denver Express .... 6:15 pm
11—From Colorado Midland .... 7:05 pm

EAST BOUND AND CALIFORNIA
608—For Chicago and Kan. City .... 6:40 am
4—Kansas City Flyer .... 10:20 am
12—To Colorado Midland Ry. .... 11:45 am
2—For Pueblo .... 2:35 pm
602—California Lim. and Chicago .... 6:35 pm
8—For Chicago, K. C., El Paso .... 10:30 pm
16—To Colorado Midland Ry. .... 11:30 [illegible]

C. C. HOYT,
18 N. Tejon St. City Pass. Agt.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.
[illegible]
10:35 am—St. Louis, So. [illegible] K. C., St. Joe, Atchison, [illegible] Wichita [illegible]
Springs, Ark., daily .... 7:45 pm
2:35 pm—Fast Mail, St. Louis, [illegible] K. C., [illegible]
[illegible]

THE CRIPPLE CREEK SHORT LINE
Midland Terminal Ry.
Via Colo. Midland Out of Colo. Springs.
No. WEST BOUND.
11—Leave Colorado Springs .... 7:30 pm
Arrive Cripple Creek .... 10:10 pm
EAST BOUND.
6—Leave Cripple Creek .... 7:30 am
Arrive Colorado Springs .... 10:20 am

COLORADO SPRINGS & CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT RY.
(The Short Line.)
No. WEST BOUND.
3—Daily, leaves Colo. Springs .... [illegible] am
Arrives Cripple Creek .... [illegible] pm
EAST BOUND.
4—Daily, leaves Cripple Creek .... [illegible] pm
Arrives Colo. Springs .... [illegible]

Through trains of day coach and observation cars between Colorado Springs, Cripple Creek and Victor are run over the C. & S. Ry. to and from [illegible]
[illegible]

NewspaperARCHIVE®

Christmas Shopping Has Begun

All kinds of Xmas Novelties See them | SHOP EARLY Save Time Save Money Save Worry | Specialties in Xmas Handkerchiefs

C. J. HEATH DRY GOODS CO. 111 S. Tejon St.

This is the Play Time Doll.

The Most Natural Rag Doll ever made.

We have just received by express a large line of these new "PLAY TIME" DOLLS. Greatest selling Doll ever placed on the market. The features are PHOTOGRAPHIC FACE, reproducing the likeness of many beautiful children, tinted in natural flesh tones. Satisfactory in every way. No breaking, no coming apart. Dressed in natural baby and children's clothes. All material perfectly clean and sanitary. Without a question the best and most serviceable Doll to buy. The prices are reasonable—25c, 50c, 75c and up to $2.50. See them in our windows this week.

MONDAY'S SPECIAL SALES ARE ON
Ladies' and Misses' Coats.
Ladies' and Misses' Furs.
New "Royalty" and "Wooltex" Skirts.
½ and ⅓ OFF

SPECIAL SALES ON HOLIDAY BOOKS, FINE ART PICTURES AND DOLLS.

Holiday Special

Choice of 300 Suits and Overcoats at **$12.00**

Rafield The Clothier
111 Pike's Peak Avenue.

City Briefs

DAILY WEATHER RECORD.

The following meteorological record is furnished by the Colorado College weather bureau for 24 hours ending at 6 o'clock p. m.

Temperature at 6 a. m. 26
Temperature at 12 m. 55
Temperature at 6 p. m. 44
Maximum temperature 57
Minimum temperature 21
Mean temperature 39
Max. bar. pres., inches, 6 p. m. 24.16
Min. bar. pres., inches, 6 a. m. 23.92
Mean vel. of wind per hour 8
Max. vel. of wind per hour, 4 p. m. 24
Relative humidity at noon 22
Dew point at noon 18
Precipitation in inches 0

Satisfied people wear Ashby's spectacles.

FINELY furnished rooms, Y. M. C. A.

CHAMBERLAIN & Brown, Dentists.

ST. JOHN & BARNES, THE PROMPT PLUMBERS. PHONE 13.

XMAS display of needlework and art novelties. Miss Brooke, The Antlers.

SALE of furniture and household effects at Mr. Skinner's, 1335 North Nevada avenue, all day today and Tuesday.

MONOGRAM, initials and designs stamped and worked; moderate prices; work first class. Elizabeth Behrendt, 403 South Tejon.

SOCIAL SESSION.—The initial concert of the Elks band for the winter season will be given in the clubhouse tonight, to be followed by a "spread" in the grill room.

TICKETS for the Schumann-Heink concert, to be given by the Colorado Springs Musical Club at Perkins hall December 29, will be on sale Monday, December 10 at 9 o'clock at the Knight-Campbell Music company. Tickets $2.50.

SELLS INTEREST.—Eddie Fishback has sold his interest in the Western News agency of Colorado Springs to Albert A. Gorsline, who assumes all debts.

NO WORD FROM POSSE.—No word had been received up to a late hour last night by the sheriff's office from the posse which is scouring the country southeast of this city in an effort to apprehend the horse thieves who recently stole many animals from Weld and Elbert counties. Many of the horses have been recovered by the police department.

UNDER ARREST.—Not only has I. W. Franklin, colored, of 823 North El Paso street, failed to support his wife, but he recently took $30 from her trunk, losing the money in gambling, according to Mrs. Franklin, who yesterday swore out a warrant for her husband's arrest. The warrant was secured from Justice O. R. Dunnington, Constable Harvey Gollingham arresting Franklin at his home shortly afterward. The defendant was placed in the county jail and will probably have a hearing today.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS. PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

For quality, the Austin Bluffs lump excels all other coal. Keystone Fuel company. Phone 4170.

We now have on display the finest assortment of goods for Xmas presents ever shown in the history of this house, consisting of rockers, Chinamen, rugs, buffets, Indian stools, tabourets, and many other articles, all at money-saving prices.
ENTERPRISE FURNITURE CO.

The ladies of the English Lutheran church will hold a sale of fancy articles, home cooking and candy, at 122 N. Tejon St., on Wednesday, Dec. 12.

Don't buy a heating stove until you see the new hot blast stove at Lowell-Meservey Hardware Co.

Xmas novelties for sale, Miss De Graff, 424 N. Prospect street.

Your husband would doubtless appreciate a fine shaving case; the latest goods in this line are being shown by Enterprise Furniture Co., 129 East Huerfano street.

BY THE QUART

in Colorado Springs, is the inscription on a clever novelty decanter recently imported. It represents a fat German brewer with bottle and glass. The lettering occupies a prominent space on his apron, and the top of his cap forms the stopper. These will be appreciated by the friend who tried in vain to buy less than a "quart."

Prices from $1.25 and upwards.

ASHBY
Optical Jeweler.

Something New

Anchovynecs, A La Ravigote

An oval tin of delicious fish, a cross between an Anchovy and a Sardine, which has an exquisite flavor of the Anchovy, (not so pronounced), and Ravigote Sauce. On top of the fish is a layer of pickles, peppers, etc., the fish being delicate and tender, will melt in one's mouth.

W. N. BURGESS,
112-114 N. Tejon

Dry Climate Cream

ASK YOUR FRIEND about it. Once use it, always use it.
It is a liquid put up in quarter-pint bottles, free from grease and impurities.
Gloves can be worn immediately after application.
25c PER BOTTLE AND EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.
We make it and are proud of it.

D. E. MONROE & CO.
Phones 311 and 331.
TEMPERANCE PHARMACY,
Corner Tejon and Bijou Sts.

Yee Wing

Chinese and Japanese Fancy Goods Must Close Out.
Prices cheaper than at auction.
24 E. Kiowa St.

Kodaks and Supplies
Emery's Studio
Phone 679a.
COR. CASCADE AND KIOWA.

Hot Cakes

VINCENT'S **Beet Sugar Syrup**

It tastes and looks like the best Maple Syrup and is absolutely pure.

Quart Cans 25c
Half-Gallon Cans 45c
Gallon Cans 85c
Two-Gallon Cans $1.50

For sale at all grocery stores.
Shields-Morley Co., Wholesale Distributers.

Auction

2:30 and 7:30 p. m.
A chance to buy holiday goods at your own price.
Warren Jewelry & Optical Co.
13 N. Tejon St. Phone Black 61.

Our Cut Glass is rich and dainty; absolutely flawless; superior in design.
We invite you to see our showing.
C. B. LAUTERMAN
Phone Black 233. 121 N. Tejon.

Don't be untidy, you can not afford to when it costs but $1.00 per month to have your suit sponged and pressed each week. We call for and deliver same day if necessary.
The Pantatorium
17 E. BIJOU. PHONE 522-A.

The Gift Question Settled

GIVE HER A BRACELET.

They are stylish and make a handsome little present. We have them of all kinds—plain, gold, some set with diamonds, rubies and other stones.

Arcularius & Co.
JEWELERS.
9 S. Tejon St.
El Paso Bank Block.

FULL LINE OF
Christmas Goods
and China Lilias.
CHINA JIM

The Western Automobile and Supply Co.
Successor to The Anthony Motor and Manufacturing Co., agents for the Peerless, Oldsmobile, and Franklin Motor cars and Columbia Electric.
AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES.
115-117 N. Cascade. Phone Main 56.

SPECIALIST.
Diseases of Lungs, Throat and Heart.
DR. W. A. SHEPARD.
Offices 1 and 2 Parnes Bldg.
H. .. 10 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 4 p. m.
.. 101 Chi.. ..

A Snap, Don't Miss It

The greatest Pipe Bargains ever offered.

We have purchased the entire stock of the Wollaston Cigar Co.'s Imported Meerschaum and French Briar Pipes in prices from $1.00 to $12.00.

Your Pick at Just Half Prices.

FRESE CIGAR STORE

Wholesale Cigar Dealer
106 E. Pike's Peak Ave.

Imported, Key West and Domestic Cigars by the box at wholesale prices. Just the thing for a Holiday Gift.

THE KEYSTONE

112 S. Tejon St. Phone 136.

We will have our regular Monday a. m. Soap Sale as usual.

THE PEOPLE'S

Grocery and Market—S. James & Son.
??? E. Pike's Peak. Telephone Main 868.

Now for Christmas

This grocery and market is shaping itself for the biggest Xmas trade of its history. Good buyers will find it the ideal place to get their Xmas supplies and save money on everything they will buy. Tons of good things for Christmas and the best that ever graced a table at this happy time of the year. See us for your Xmas wants. You'll find our products pure, wholesome and good, and you will receive a superior service.

Try us and you will have a Merry Xmas and a Happy New Year.
S. JAMES & SON.

Homeseeker's Excursion Rates Via Rio Grande

To the following points in New Mexico and Utah:

$19.20—Aztec, N. M., and return.
$19.95—Farmington, N. M., and return.
$19.50—Flora Vista, N. M., and return.
$11.10—Servilleta, N. M., and return.
$12.10—Barranca, N. M., and return.
$12.50—Embudo, N. M., and return.
$13.45—Espanola, N. M., and return.
$17.00—Westwater, Utah, and return.
$17.75—Thompson, Utah, and return.
$17.75—Green River, Utah, and return.
$17.75—Price, Utah, and return.
$23.00—Dragon, Utah, and return.

Tickets good 30 days and allow stopover. Any information desired cheerfully given at No. 15 N. Tejon St.

FURS! LET US REMODEL YOUR FURS!

Your old garments made new—remodeled into the very latest styles and with a perfect fit. Our facilities for remodeling make it possible for us to transform your old fur garments into new ones rapidly and perfectly.
PROF. GUS STAINSKY, 5 1-2 PIKE'S PEAK AVENUE

New Sleeper Service to Kansas City

Leave Colorado Springs 6:35 P. M.
Arrive Kansas City . . . 4:30 P. M.

Louis Stock

Steam Dye and Chemical Dry Cleaning Works

OF LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS. ALSO HOUSEHOLD GOODS. FIRST-CLASS WORK ONLY.

WE CLEAN, CURL AND DYE OSTRICH FEATHERS **Beautifully,** Any Shade.

PHONE, 542 MAIN.
13 EAST KIOWA.

Opera House

Wednesday, Dec. 12

The Greatest Western Play

AT CRIPPLE CREEK

An interesting story of life in the famous Colorado Gold Camp.
FOUR EXCITING ACTS.
FIFTEEN EXCELLENT ACTORS.
Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00.
Reserved seats on sale at the box office.

Free Demonstration of the Arnold knit Goods all this week

Xmas shopping is on in earnest. Come in and see our store.

Opera House

Monday, Dec. 10

FRANK W. HEALY
Presents the Musical Comedy Success,

THE STROLLERS

Book by Harry B. Smith.
Music by Ludwig Englander.
A great company of principals and a smashing chorus.
Prices—50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50.
Seats on sale at the box office.

ELLSWORTH & BURT, of McIntyre & Heath's Big Shows.
HAMMOND & FORESTER—Comedy and Singing.
THE KRAMERS—Bowery Girl in Song.
ILLUSTRATED SONG; MOVING PICTURES.
MATINEE, 3 p. m. Evening, 7 to 10 o'clock.

SHAW'S TOILET PARLORS

Shampooing, Manicuring, Chiropody, scientific scalp and facial treatments a specialty. Hairdressing in the most approved styles. Our parlors are strictly up-to-date and first class in every particular. Jessie M. Shaw, 29 N. Cascade Ave., Phone 666-A.

Furrier and Designer **E. M. KIRSCHNER** Established in 1890

FINE FURS
CHRISTMAS IS COMING

You want to please your family and friends with a handsome Xmas present and you can do this by buying a nice set of F U R S, or a handsome silk Kimono or Dressing Sacque. For the largest, best, and cheapest assortment of FURS, go to Kirschner, the furrier. I am selling native FUR RUGS that I will pack and ship any place in the United States for Xmas. My stock is very complete and you LEARN VALUES by purchasing at my store.

Why

GOOD WORKMANSHIP
AT A POOR JOB'S PRICE
FINE NEW PLUMBING
AT WHAT OLD IS WORTH
HOT WATER HEATING PLANT
AT THE COST OF A FURNACE
A FULL LOT AND CHOICE NEIGHBORHOOD
AT THE VALUE OF A SHORT ONE
AMID INDIFFERENT SURROUNDINGS?
IT'S EASY.
OWNER'S GOING AWAY
IS DETERMINED TO SELL
A BETTER BARGAIN WILL BE LONG COMING

CHAS. P. BENNETT

REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE AND LOANS.

5 EAST PIKE'S PEAK AVE.
And
1528 NORTH TEJON STREET

★ **$3,250**

North Cascade Corner Lot

100x190

ON PARKED SECTION

HENRY LeB. WILLS & CO.

REAL ESTATE, LOANS AND INSURANCE

..bll ..1 (with the town) ...

West Building. 15 E. Pike's Peak Ave.

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